# FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

OLD SERIES—VOL. LX—NO. 3,099 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1895. NEW SERIES—VOL. XII—NO. 640


## THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JULY 25, 1895.

### NEWS AND COMMENTS.

Fifteen thousand young Baptists met in Baltimore last week, attending the Baptist Young Peoples Union of America.

So far $21,500 have been subscribed to the proposed Alumni Hall at the University of North Carolina.

At Rockingham the Steel family are building their fourth cotton mill. It will be very large—400 by 400 feet, three stories, to contain 500 looms and 17,500 spindles.

Cables will connect the Eiffel tower with the turrets of the Trocadero palace, during the 1900 exhibition, and upon them light passenger trains will be run by gravitation.

A queer play is being given at Sofia, in Bulgara, called "The Heroes of Silvitzka," in which Prince Alexander of Battenberg is the principal figure, and all of the other characters are persons still living.

Benjamin Harrison has broken the silence as regards the presidency. He has said that under no circumstance will he become a candidate for that office. These statements were made in his cottage in the presence of two of his old Grand Army of the Republic friends.

The assessed valuation of real and personal property in the city of New York is $1,914,547,654, the rate of taxation on which is 1.92 per cent. As there are but 79,000 taxpayers out of an estimated population of 1,850,000, the average tax bill of the taxpayer is about $474.

Some notion of the amount of lumber being cut in the Minnesota forests is had from the fact that one day last week there was a jam of logs in the Upper Mississippi above St. Cloud which was estimated to contain 250,000,000 feet of lumber; and a little further up the river there was another jam, which extended for almost twenty miles.

In reading some annual reports, said Senator George recently, I made a remarkable discovery that the railroad tonnage of 1894 was 15 per cent. less than it was in 1893. The movement of tonnage is the highest proof of the extent to which people are buying. A reduction of 15 per cent. on the entire purchases of 65,000,000 people is a startling contraction of consumption, and proves that the purchasing power of the people decreases as the purchasing power of gold increases.

International agreement has been reached on the protection of birds, the Governments represented at the recent conference in Paris promising to establish regulations in accordance with its proposals within three years. Game birds were not meddled with. The birds to be protected between March and September as being useful to agriculture, are owls and all nocturnal birds of prey; birds of passage, including martins, swallows, finches, yellow hammers, wrens, starlings, redbreasts, peewits, and storks, and the climbing birds, like woodpeckers. Birds not to be protected are those that prey by day, eagles, vultures, kites, hawks, crows, magpies, jays, herons, bustards, pelicans, and cormorants, though the latter list is open to objections.

European economists are much interested in the development of the United States, says the Wilmington Messenger. A French political economist, Professor Fancois, is figuring as to the wealth of the great American Republic. He puts our country at the head. The wealth he estimates at 313,000,000,000 francs, which is equivalent to about $62,000,000,000, and he states that the value of all the property in England, including money in circulation, is 265,000,000,000 francs, forty-eight billion less than this country's wealth. The third place is given to France with 225,000,000,000, and the fourth to Germany with 161,000,000,000 francs. The combined wealth of Italy, Spain, Russia and Austria Hungary is only a little larger than that of the United States. There is practical agreement between this estimate and that previously given Mr. Mulhall.

A discovery, the value of which to the medical world cannot be estimated, has just been made known by a New York physician, announces the Chicago Herald. It is an antidote for morphine poisoning, and, judging by the result of an experiment conducted before a number of New York doctors, it is complete. The discoverer made the experiment on himself, much, however, against the protests of his fellow physicians, who were less sanguine of its powers. Convinced of the value of his discovery, Dr. Moor, the discoverer, swallowed three grains of morphine, a sufficient quantity to kill the most robust adult, following it with his antidote. The usual effects of morphine poisoning, languor, sleep, death, did not appear. Instead Dr. Moor was the most cheerful and enthusiastic participant in the discussion which followed his attempt to "commit suicide." The antidote is the permanganate of potassium

Looking like an animated picture of Christ, credited with performing acts on a par with the miracles of the Son of God, Francis Schlader, who claims to have been until two years ago, a shoemaker in Denver, has set wild the Mexicans of the territory just to the south of this city, says a dispatch from Albuquerque, N. M. They are hailing him as a special disciple sent from Heaven direct to them, to give sight to the sightless, hearing to the deaf and to relieve them of all diseases to which the flesh is heir. He is followed about by hundreds of Mexicans and Indians who pray to him that he touch their wounds and cure them of their ailments. Representatives of the best Mexican families are imploring him to enter their wagons, take their horses and go with them to their homes to cure the afflicted. The man goes, as he says, whither his master directs, and for the services he performs he will take nothing. At Pera Alta, Jesus M. Velasque, who is said to have been totally blind for three years, sees since he touched this man's hands. Juliana Sedillo, who has not moved her arms for six-teen years, was working in the fields yesterday. Scores of similar stories are told. At Sedillo, where Schlader stayed eight days, a watch was put on him day and night, and it is asserted that he ate no food and drank but a few swallows of water.

### SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

**Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."**

The Durham, N. C., Light Infantry are in camp at Ocean View, Va., and the Hornet's Nest Riflemen, of Charlotte, are also there for a week's encampment. ——Sixty days before the opening of the Cotton States and International Exposition, exhibits have begun to arrive. This is unprecedented in the history of expositions. ——The attempted assassination of ex Premier Stambouliff, of Sofia, Bulgaria, has caused a great sensation in Constantinople and serious events in Bulgaria are looked for. In fact it is predicted that the whole Eastern question will be reopened. ——A Sante Fe freight train bound from Denver to Colorado Springs, fell through a bridge south of Monmouth, Col., killing three persons, fatally injuring three and seriously injuring fifteen others. —— Secretary Hoke Smith is about to start for Georgia to deliver a series of speeches in favor of "sound money." He will begin in the northern part of the State at Gainesville, and from there will go to Columbus and afterward to Speaker Crisp's district. All these districts are supposed to be free silver strongholds. ——A cable dispatch from Calcutta announces the death at that place of the Rev James Liddell Phillips, the widely known Baptist missionary. ——The jury in the case of John Collins, accused of murdering Fred P. Ohl, the Princeton college student, on trial at Trenton, N. J., came in with a verdict of murder in the second degree. ——Representatives of all the woolen and worsted concerns in Woonsocket, R. I., have agreed to grant the help whose wages were reduced in 1893 a small increase to take effect August 5th. ——W. W. Long, formerly of Huges, Ohio, was arrested at Skyland, Buncombe county, N. C., on a warrant charging him with bigamy. It is alleged that Long has a wife in Ohio and it is certain he was married a few years ago in Skyland. ——A scene of great excitement occurred in the Brussels chamber of deputies last week when M. Demblon, socialist, in the course of a speech declared that, although the Belgian royal family had come to Belgium as poor as rats, they had become enormously rich from the sweat of the poor of the country. A prolonged uproar ensued and the president ordered M. Demblon to withdraw his remarks, but the deputy refused to retract a single word. ——The American Wool and Cotton Reporter says there are eighty-one new cotton mills under construction in eight Southern States. Of these thirty-one are in North Carolina. —— William Freeman and John Good, colored, were hanged in Greensboro, Pa., by Sheriff McCann. Freeman murdered his mistress, and John Good murdered a companion named Mac Slaughter over a game of craps. ——An insurance shark by the name of H. H. Holmes has committed six murders in Toronto, the last two victime being two young girls.—— Ex-Premier Stambuloff, who was assassinated in a street of Sofia, Bulgaria, on Monday, died Thursday morning from the terrible wounds he received at the hands of his assassins. He was 40 years old. ——Mr. W. B. Sparks has a peach orchard of 42,000 trees, in Georgia, and has refused $42,000 for his crop. ——The North Carolina Bulletin urges the farmers to sow all the peas that can be had this summer. There is no better forage than peavine hay and no better fertilizer than the peas when plowed under. It is such a cheap crop—no trouble except sowing and reaping—that all should utilize it. ——Serious fighting occurred in Formosa between Japanese and Black Flags; the former were forced to retreat. ——Governor Carr makes requisition on the Governor of Georgia for R. E. Sharp, wanted for criminal assault in Cherokee county. ——T. B. Parker has been appointed a director of the asylum at Goldsboro, vice H. L. Grant, resigned. ——The president of the American Humane association will take active steps to prevent bull fights at the Atlanta exposition unless its officers officially deny the rumors of such intended exhibitions. ——Strict orders are issued to the revenue cutters patrolling the Florida coast in regard to thoroughly carrying out the requirements of the neutrality laws and the health regulations as to all vessels sighted. ——The Tageblatt says that Baron Von Hammerstein, formerly editor of the Kreuz Reitung, has fled from Berlin, taking his effects with him and that official seals have been placed upon his dwelling. ——Rev. J. Howkins, D. D., editor of the Lutheran Visitor, and one of the most eminent divines in the Lutheran Church, died at his home in Newberry county, S. C., from the effects of a stroke of paralysis received two weeks ago. ——The family of C. C. Newton, en route from Marion, Ind., to Arkansas, and encamped near Anna, Ill., were poisoned by eating toadstools, which they supposed were mushrooms. Three children died, and the mother and two other children are not expected to live. —— Near Artemissa, Cuba, a family, comprising a man, three women and two girls, were attacked by five negroes and brutally murdered, their bodies being frightfully gashed with knives and machetes. Two other persons were also seriously wounded by the negroes, who were pursued and captured by the civil guard. ——The jury in the case of Mary Abnerthy, one of the negro women on trial at Lunenburg, for the murder of Mrs. Pollard, rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree. Trouble was expected in case the jury brought in a verdict of acquittal, and the fear of such a result was the cause of troops being ordered to Lunenburg by the Governor. Two others are to be tried for participating in this murder. ——The cruisers Montgomery and Raleigh have been assigned to take New York and Massachusetts Naval Reserves on cruises. ——A man has been arrested in Detroit for smuggling Chinese across the line in Wagner sleeping cars.—— The Southern railway sells the bonds it received with the purchase of the Georgia Southern railroad, thus making the stock cost the Southern practically nothing. ——There are sixty inmates at the Soldiers' Home; there is room for only five more. ——The premium list for the next State Fair aggregates $5,000. ——Near Quincy, Fla., a driver of a wagon and the two horses were killed by lightning from an almost clear sky; a boy sitting near the driver was not hurt. ——One of the cylinders of the Eerissen was wrecked and six of the men in the engineer's force were fearfully scalded. ——A serious fight has occurred on the Turko-Macedonian frontier between a force of insurgents stated to have numbered 5,000 and a body of Turkish troops. The latter were defeated with a loss of 600 men. ——A horse meat canning plant has begun operations at Portland, Ore. ——A vessel landed filibusters and ammunition in Cuba from Jamaica.

### THE BOND INFAMY.

**The Administration in a Corner—Either Incapacity, or Worse.**

New York World July 13th.]

Mr. Brayton Ives's speech before the bankers' convention on Wednesday was an apology for the bond syndicate transaction.

It was labored, ingenious and adroit, but utterly misleading. As Mr. Ives seemed to speak authoritatively for the syndicate, and declared that he had read all their private telegrams, it is fair to suppose that his explanation and defense are the best that can be made.

Briefly, his contention was that the profits of the syndicate was not excessive, and this is the way he figured it out: The bonds were sold to the syndicate at 104½. They are now worth 120. But Mr. Ives says the syndicate did not get that for them. It sold them at 112½. He estimates the syndicate's expenses in the transaction at ½ per cent., though he neither asserts that they were so nor offers any evidence to that effect. He says that this left them a profit of only 6½ per cent., and that as the usual commission for placing large loans is 5 per cent. this was not excessive in view of the risk taken.

A little analysis will show how specious this plea is.

First, the syndicate bankers did not in fact sell the bonds at 112½. They simply went through the forms of sale as a method of apportioning the rich purchase among themselves. They kept the bonds, and merely closed up the syndicate account on the basis of a sale to themselves at an agreed price. In their organized capacity as a syndicate they took profits up to 112½; as individual bankers they took the rest up to 120, to which price the bonds quickly advanced.

Secondly, both they and the Administration knew that the bonds were worth 120 at the time when the Government sold them at 104½. That fact was apparent in the price at which other Government issues were then selling in the open market. It was so evident that The World so definitely named 120 as the price at which the issue should have been sold, and stated as an unquestionable fact that they would be quoted at that price as soon as the bankers got read to let the public have them.

Thirdly, in reply to a question Mr. Ives said that in his opinion the bargain was the best that could have been made under the circumstances existing when it was made. This is possibly true, but it is misleading. There was never any occasion to make the bargain under those circumstances. The situation should have been anticipated. Its coming was not sudden or due to any unforeseen event. It was the necessary result of facts known and daily considered by the Government, by the press and by the people. It was for weeks seen and known to be as inevitable, if not prevented, as the daily setting of the sun. The bankers waited for it, and popular opinion is not far wrong in supposing that some of them actively aided in bringing it about by joining the raid on the Treasury gold

The situation which is used as an excuse for the making of such a bargain need never have existed. Foreseeing it, the Administration ought to have made the loan weeks in advance of its coming. It ought not to have allowed itself to be cornered and pinched as it was. If it had issued the bonds before it was cornered they would have been eagerly taken in the open market at about their legitimate price of 120. It was solely through an inexplicably unwise procrastination on the part of the Secretary that the bankers were able to put the Government "in a hole" and "hold it up" till it sold them bonds worth 120 at 104½.

There is no explanation possible of this transaction which can be satisfactory to any intelligent mind, none which does not compel the assumption of extraordinary incapacity on the part of the Administration *as the only alternative to a more damaging supposition.*

### Two Thirds Rule.

Winston Sentinel.

We are inclined to believe that serious hindrance to the prosecution of the business of the next National Democratic Convention will be obviated if the two-third rule is abolished. It can be seen very readily that this rule will work great delay, if it does not prove an insurmountable barrier in framing a platform and in the nomination of candidates for President and Vice-President.

The platform of a party should express the convictions of a majority of the party and the nominees should be exponents of the principles thus enunciated. This is in harmony with our boasted Democratic government—"a government of the people, by the people and for the people." At the next convention, then, the majority should prevail, and the minority should yield loyal acquiescence to the actions of that majority, but if there must be a defection, or even a split in the party, let the minority do the spliting and let the responsibility therefore be unmistakably placed upon it.

There may have been necessity for the two third rule at the time of its adoption and since, but we believe the time has come when the two-third rule should go.

### Blackie and the Magician.

M. A. in London News.

Many years ago "the Wizard of the North" gave some performances in Edinburgh, and Professor Blackie was one of the crowd who went to see them. As he was making his way in he felt something at his coattail, and putting his hands into his pocket he found an egg. This he took out and most adroitly transferred it to the pocket of a young man just in front of him, a person as unlike himself as can well be imagined. Arrived in the hall, he remarked where this young man placed himself and chose his own seat in a corner as remote as possible. When the time came for "Wizard" Anderson to "trouble" him for the egg, he rose and explained that he had nothing of the sort in his pocket, but that he believed "that gentleman" could produce it, pointing to the astonished young man, whose surprise, however, by no means equaled that of the wizard.

### The Gold Standard.

Birmingham (Ala) Daily State.

A good, honest farmer was standing in front of the courthouse yesterday, looking mournfully at his tax receipt. He said: "I brought a bale of cotton here five years ago, sold it for $49.50. With this money I paid my taxes, $22; got a dress for my wife, $5; shoes for the children, $6; a barrel of flour, $6.50; fifty pounds of sugar, $4; ten pounds of coffee, $2, and went home happy with $3.75 in my pocket for the preacher. I brought in a bale to-day, sold it for $22.50; paid my taxes, $22.25, and have a quarter left. They tell me I can get flour and frocks and sugar and shoes for half I paid then, but it 'pears to me I haint got the half. I've about made up my mind to invest this quarter in United States bonds and howl for the gold standard!"

### A Tariff Comparison.

St Louis Republic

The platform adopted by the Republican State Convention of Iowa contains at least one plank which every Democrat in the United States will indorse: "We congratulate the people of this country upon the evidences of returning prosperity, and rejoice in each instance of labor re-employed, wages restored and industry re-established upon a prosperous basis."

No such resolution was adopted by the Republicans of Iowa while the McKinley bill was in force, and for a very good reason. There was no general restoration of wages then or re-employment of idle labor. Wages were being reduced instead of increased. Men were being discharged and their places filled, if filled at all, with others employed at lower wages.

The whole period of McKinleyism was one of wage reductions, strikes and riots. In the four years only one case of advance in wages in a protected industry was reported—or, at least, only one of consequence. This was an increase of less than 10 per cent in wages at the Fall River cotton mills in Massachusetts. On the other hand, reductions were made at over 1,000 protected mills in 1891 and 1892 alone, to say nothing of those following in 1893 and up to the repeal of the McKinley bill in 1894.

These are facts which cannot be disproved. They are on record as part of the history of this country during the first two years of McKinleyism. The list was published during the campaign of 1892. It includes three reductions at the Carnegie steel works at Homestead, Pa., one of 9 per cent in January, 1891, one of 5 per cent some three months later and a third in 1892. That was the result under the McKinley bill. Nor were wages again advanced at Homestead in the three following years of McKinleyism.

We have all heard of the Homestead riots. They did not occur under the Wilson law, during the panic of 1893 or the period of business depression following it, or even after the election of a Democratic President and Congress in November, 1892. The Democratic party can in no way be held responsible for them. The panic of 1893 had nothing whatever to do with them, and the only relation it bears to the Homestead riots at all is in their common fatherhood—Republican legislation, including the passage of the McKinley bill. The riots occurred in July, 1892, in consequence of a reduction of wages—the third under the McKinley law.

It is hardly necessary to remind the reader of the effect of the Wilson law on the Carnegie works. The entire concern is in full operation again and with orders enough ahead to keep it running several months. Wages were recently advanced 10 per cent. not only at Homestead, but also at the Carnegie steel works at Beaver Falls, Pa. In the latter case the advance is a complete restoration of wages reduced in August, 1892, under the McKinley law.

Take another protected industry, the Illinois steel works of Chicago, and we get about the same report except as to fatalities. The works were closed twice in 1891, before the McKinley law was a year old, because of reductions in wages and resulting labor troubles. A 45 per cent. reduction was attempted the following year, four months before Cleveland's election, and a compromise was effected in August at 23 per cent. This is quite in contrast with the voluntary advance of 10 per cent. granted the 7,000 men employed at the works last month.

At the Cambria iron works at Johnstown, Pa., the wages of 5,000 men were cut 10 per cent. in the first year of the McKinley law and raised 10 per cent. in the first year of the Wilson law. At the Newcastle furnaces in Pennsylvania wages were advanced 30 per cent. last May, having been reduced under the McKinley law.

The list includes cotton and woolen as well as iron and steel mills. Every part of the country that has a protected industry appears in this list. The story is about the same for all. Wages were reduced under President Harrison's administration, during the last two years of it and before the great Democratic victory of 1892. They have been restored, in many cases completely, since the passage of the Wilson tariff bill, and in many others partially. The reductions predicted by the Republican alarmists when the bill was before Congress have all turned out to be advances.

### Let the Politicians Declare Themselves.

Washington Correspondence Wilmington Dispatch.]

What the people of the country wish to know more than another is just where the politicians stand upon public questions. For the past year for the most part those men assuming the leadership in both political parties have been declaring in favor of "sound money," "bimetallism," "an international agreement" and like high-sounding phrases until no one knows what they do favor. If the present leaders of the two political parties are afraid to come out and state their honest convictions upon public questions it is time the voters were relegating them to the rear.

The attitude of Congressman McCreary, ex Governor of Kentucky, and now a candidate for the United States senatorship, is characteristic of some of the politicians of to-day. For years he has been regarded as a consistent advocate of free coinage of silver, and while the silver sentiment was strong in his state no man was more earnest in support of the white metal than himself. As a member of the last monetary commission he was recognized as a friend of silver.

For a while during the past two or three months, when silver seemed to be on the wane in Kentucky, McCreary began to perform the "dodging act," and to-day, while the gold sentiment seems to be getting the upper hand, McCreary is prepared to pose as a candidate for the senatorship as a "sound money" and administration man. His talk regarding the glorious prospects of an international conference occasioned by a change of government in Great Britain from the Liberal to the Conservative party is known here to be merely a "sop," as it is styled in the press dispatches, to the silver men.

Congressman McCreary and every one else at all familiar with the policy of President Cleveland probably know that it would be an almost utter impossibility to secure the recognition of silver through an international agreement or otherwise during this administration. For sixty years or more, England has prospered, at the expense of other nations, under a gold system, and it is not likely that the next prime minister there would even consider the question of bimetallism for Great Britain a moment.

### An Honest Thief.

Libre Parole.

On leaving a Paris theater a German gentleman felt for his watch. It was gone. Having a strong suspicion, he laid violent hands on a man in the crowd, who quietly gave up the ticker. When he got home, he found his own watch lying on the table.

### Georgia's Free Silver Convention.

A dispatch frow Griffin, Ga., of July 18th, says:

One of the most remarkable conventions that ever met in Georgia assembled to-day at Griffin. With but few exceptions every county in the State was represented, and without a single exception delegates were present from every Senatorial district in the State. One hundred and four counties were represented by delegations.

When the Convention was called to order at the Opera House at 10 o'clock, the full capacity of the house, more than 1,000 was strained in the effort to seat those who gathered there, and great crowds unable to gain admittance struggled on the stairways and sidewalks for entrance.

While the meeting was composed overwhelmingly of Democratic representatives, including many of the most prominent Democratic leaders of the State, notably A. S. Clay, chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee, there were a great many Populists on hand who showed by their demeanor that they were willing to join in the effort for the restoration of silver to its full function as a standard money metal. They were perfectly quiet and deeply interested. They refrained from an exposition of their views and were perfectly satisfied that the Committee on Resolutions, consisting of twelve members, should be composed entirely of rock-ribbed, free coinage Democrats. They made no speeches in the Convention, but unanimously voted for the resolutions reported. It was unanimously accepted as a fact that if to-day's action resulted in bringing the Democracy of the State to a full and enthusiastic defence of the principles for which it is contended the party has struggled so many years, that many of the recalcitrants who have left the party would be ready to return and join in the defence of its principles.

But one apple of discord was thrown into the convention and that developed suddenly at the morning session just as the convention was about to take a recess to hear Senator Morgan.

Mr. Gardner, of Pike, a former representative in the legislature, who had been elected as an independent, introduced a resolution intended to have the effect of debarring Populists from participating and confining the work of the day exclusively to Democrats, notwithstanding the fact that the meeting had assembled in answer to an invitation of the Spalding county bimetallic league, requesting all who are in favor of free coinage to send delegates from the several counties without regard to party affiliations. Previous to this, a resolution had been introduced and adopted requiring all resolutions to be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate. But Mr. Gardner manifested remarkable persistency in forcing his resolution to a vote over the protest of the chairman and the members that it must go to the Committee on Resolutions. After endeavoring in vain to secure a hearing and protesting against Populists affiliation, he was compelled to yield to the demand of the chairman, Senator Patrick Walsh, that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

In his speech Mr. Gardner said he spoke for the delegation from Pike, the chairman, Captain Redding of the Legislature, a rock-ribbed Democrat, was not present.

The Convention was adjourned to hear Senator Morgan, and in the meantime Capt. Redding, who is the father of the election reform law passed by the last Legislature, arrived in Griffin. He was informed of the claims of Mr. Gardner, and openly announced that Mr. Gardner held a position as postmaster in his county, and that he had taken advantage of his absence to throw an apple of discord in the convention. "Gardner will not," said he, "dare to misrepresent our delegation, and if he does, I will tell the reason why, and show the tie that binds him to the financial policy of the Administration."

Sure enough, when the Convention met Mr. Gardner did not open his mouth. Capt. Redding was there, awaiting an opportunity to reply, but Mr. Gardner was not heard from, raising even no objection to the unanimous report of the Committee on Resolutions. And so ended the only "incident of the day." And when it was found that Mr. Gardner was a postmaster, the Convention dissolved itself into general laughter.

When the Convention organized it chose Hon. J. J. Hunt, President of the Spalding County Bimetallic League, as temporary chairman. Permanent organization was perfected by the election of Hon. Patrick Walsh as permanent president, and Mr. Douglas Glessner, as Secretary.

At 11 o'clock the Convention took a recess to hear Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, who spoke in a grove near by, no house in the city being large enough to hold the crowd of nearly 5,000. He spoke for three hours.

On re-convening, the committee on Resolutions, composed of twelve Democrats, Captain Evan P. Howell, chairman, submitted its report. The resolutions were unanimously adopted. They ratify the platform adopted at the Memphis Bimetallic Convention, and declare:

"That we favor the immediate restoration of silver to its former plain as a full legal tender standard money equal with gold, and the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and upon the terms of exact equality:

"That while we should welcome the cooperation of other nations, we believe that the United States should not wait upon the pleasure of Foreign Governments or the consent of foreign creditors, but should themselves proceed to reverse the grinding process that is destroying the prosperity of the people and should lead by their example the nations of the earth.

"That the rights of the American people, the interests of American labor and the prosperity of American industry have a higher claim to the consideration of the people's law makers, than the greed of foreign creditors, or the avaricious demands made by idle holders of capital. The right to regulate its own monetary system in the interests of its own people is a right which no free Government can barter, sell or surrender. This reserve right is a part of every bond, of every contract and of every obligation. No creditor nor claimant can set up a right that can take precedence over a nation's obligations to promote the welfare of the masses of its own people. This is a debt higher and more binding than all the other debts, and one which is not only dishonest, but treasonable to ignore."

"*Resolved* Further, that public office is a public trust, and that the use of the public patronage for the purpose of moulding public sentiment in the interest of plutocracy, tends to sap and destroy all the rights and liberties of the masses."

"*Whereas*, It is important to organize to enforce in our State the declaration of principles announced in the resolutions; therefore,

"*Resolved*, That we call upon the people of this State to organize in every county and militia district with the object in view to secure representatives in both State and National Conventions who will favor these principles, and who will in good faith carry them out, without any straddling or evasion. And to this end, the chairman of this Convention shall appoint a vice-president from each Congressional district, with two from the State at large, subject to ratification of this Convention. Each vice-president shall see to the organization of bimetallic clubs in each county in this State, and each county shall see to the organization of militia districts and wards of their respective counties and cities. The said vice-presidents shall constitute the State Executive Committee of the bimetallic clubs of the State."

In conformity with the instructions of the resolutions, President Walsh announced the committees. Addresses were then delivered by Hon. Jas. W. Robertson, ex Congressman Henry H. Carlton, and many other leading Democrats. Among the speakers was Hon. Hewlett A. Hall, the law partner of Gov. Atkinson, who is still confined from his recent dangerous attack of appendicitis.

At 6 o'clock the Convention, amid enthusiasm, adjourned *sine die.*

### Attractions of the Law.

New York Sun.

Considerably over 200 young men are graduated annually from the law schools of this city. The graduates include not only the usual number of well schooled young men with friends to help them and perhaps means at command, but as well a considerable percentage of men who come to their law studies without the advantage of a good grounding in English, Latin and the sciences, without money or influential friends and with wives and children dependent upon them for support. Some of these latter finish their law studies at an age when most lawyers have been from three to ten years in practice.

Persons acquainted with the difficulties that beset the young lawyers in New York wonder what the new graduates in law of this sort are to do. They are earning in various occupations from $750 to $1,500 a year. Few of them can hope to earn immediately at the law above $600 a year, and almost none can hope within four or five years to earn by his practice as much as the most successful now earn by their present occupations. Most of such graduates in law hope to find law clerkships at $500 to $600 a year, but for these they must compete with the cleverest and best educated men from the most famous law schools in the country. Those who take the alternative of setting up offices for themselves must sacrifice ordinarily all of their present income for an uncertainty that may not yield $300 in the first year and may yield less than $1,000 in the third or fourth or fifth year. Some never get beyond law clerkships, some never find themselves able to give up the trade that earns their bread in order to begin that by which they hoped to earn both bread and fame. Enough succeed to insure full classes in the law schools year after year.

As a matter of fact the law continues to attract men here and elsewhere, in spite of statistics that prove the average earnings of lawyers to be below those of skilled mechanics. Men with families to support work all day and pay from 10 to 25 per cent of their incomes annually for the opportunity of studying law at night. Other men work all night for the opportunity of studying law by day. Naval officers stationed here sometimes squeeze in law lectures along with their duties to the government. Stenographers, office boys, newsboys and all sorts of hard working people share the belief that a chance to practice law is worth almost any sacrifice of time and energy. Country folk still say of any bright lad, "He ought to be a lawyer," and the same belief in the law as a profession seems to be held by a great many New Yorkers of all sorts. It is still held to be the profession that leads to dignities and honors, to political success, and even to wealth.

### Where Curfew Rings Tonight.

Minneapolis Times.

After years of disuse the curfew bell is again ringing. Its peaceful clamor rises in many a village like a fireside hymn. It is the angelus of the home, calling the people from labor and pleasure back to the household. The revival of the custom may seem like a return to Puritan simplicity, but its beneficent results can hardly be questioned.

Twenty towns in Minnesota have already adopted the curfew ordinance. It provides that young people under 16 years of age who are found on the streets after the ringing of the curfew are subject to arrest. The first offense is punished with a fine, the second with imprisonment and the third with both. While the ordinance has not been long enough in operation to definitely determine its results yet it has been proved practicable, and the towns that have tried it seem satisfied with it. The warning bell, at 10 o'clock, sends youthful stragglers where all young people should be at that hour. There can be no legitimate excuse for children being without the guarded walls of home when traitorous night threatens danger. The curfew ordinance serves the best interest of parents and children and the community at large. Other towns would do well to follow the example of these 20 enterprising places.

### Men For the Times.

St. Louis Republic.

Senator Roger Q. Mills, Democrat 365 days a year and statesman in every thought, paid St. Louis a visit yesterday and remarked that Jeffersonian and Jacksonian Democracy is still ascendant.

Jefferson suggested a coinage standard of 15 to 1 as a purely mercantile adjustment. Jackson changed to a ratio of 16 to 1 because it was nearer to mercantile values and would restore gold to circulation.

What then is Jeffersonian and Jacksonian Democracy in application to the currency question? Neither the silver nor the gold dollar was the single unit of value sought by Jefferson or Jackson.

Senator Mills fears that nobody is left to represent the Democracy led by the two old heroes of immortal memory. He is mistaken. There are great Democrats yet, and Roger Q. Mills is one of them. It is in him to make potent the hard money Democracy of the party's great founders.

Michael Angelo had a face as rugged as his genius. His forehead was low and broad; his eyes were full, his nose thick and strong. His face was irregular, but full of power.


**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**



Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

**Royal Baking Powder**

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**


### PRESIDENT OLNEY!

**He May be in the Next Election is Thrown into the House.**

Washington Special to St. Louis Republic.]

A good deal of speculation is now being indulged in as to the possible results of a failure of the people to elect a President in the next presidential election, but no one seems to have stumbled upon the fact that such an incident might land Mr. Olney, the present Secretary of State, in the presidential chair. Some have reached the conclusion that it might make Mr. Stevenson, the present Vice President, the next President, merely through failure of the House to elect, in case no candidate received a vote of the majority of the States, if the presidential election is thrown into that body. But, of course, that is out of the question, for, while the Constitution does say that in case of the failure of the House to elect, "then the Vice President shall act as President," this language, it is claimed, refers to the Vice President, who is to be elected by the Senate, while the House is struggling with the election of a President.

But suppose the Senate is unable to elect a Vice President? To be sure, the Constitution provides that the Senate shall select only two names, those having the highest number of electorial votes, and shall vote for them for the presidency. But it says that "a majority of the whole number" of votes in the Senate shall be necessary to a choice. The Senate will by February of 1897 have 90 members, as Utah will doubtless have become a State and have a senatorial representation before that date. If this happens, it would require 46 votes for one person before he could become Vice President through the action of the Senate. As the Republicans will have, at the most, as it is now figured, no more than 45, and the Democrats no more than 40, at the most, it is not impossible that the 4th of March, 1897, might be reached without the selection of a President by the House, or a Vice President by the Senate, in case the election of those officers is thrown into those bodies by a failure to elect through the usual machinery of the Electoral College.

What then? Of course President Cleveland's term as President and Vice President Stevenson's term as Vice President would expire March 4. The Constitution makes no further provision, evidently assuming that the Senate, with but two candidates before it, would elect one as Vice President. But, if the view that the majority of the whole membership is necessary to a choice is a correct one, it is quite possible that it might not so elect. However, the law passed by the Forty-ninth Congress, providing for a successor to the presidency in case of the death or inability of the President, seems to provide a way out of the absolute chaos which this condition would bring.

It is generally held that a Cabinet officer's term does not end with the term of the man who appointed him any more than does that of a Postmaster or Collector of Customs. So, in such a case, the Cabinet officers would still be such, in the eyes of the law, even after the expiration of President Cleveland's term. The presidential succession law of the Forty-ninth Congress provides that in case of death or inability or removal of the President and Vice President, the Secretary of State shall act as President until a successor be provided, and shall within 20 days call a special session of Congress, presumably to provide for a special election. In case the office of Secretary of State becomes vacant, then the same duty devolves on the Secretary of the Treasury, and so on down the line of the Cabinet officers. So there is just a possibility that in case of a failure to elect a President by the usual process and the division of the House and Senate into three sections, Secretary Olney might become President, or in his absence, Secretary Carlisle, or in his absence, Secretary Lamont, who would be next in the order of presidential succession.

### Questions and Answers.

Atlanta Constitution.]

What party demonetized silver in the United States?

It was done under a Republican administration in 1873, when both senate and house were largely Republican, and was done by stealth and surreptitiously, and was known in England before it was in America.

Who fought all attempts to restore it to its proper place?

The Republican party. President Hayes vetoed the Bland Allison bill, and the Democrats were strong enough, with western Republican votes, to pass it over his head in 1878.

What party repealed the Bland-Allison bill?

The Republican party, by the assistance of John Sherman, who was still working for the English syndicate, and he substituted his infamous Sherman makeshift for it, and this was known in England before it was in America.

What party or parties have steadily stood in the way of restoring silver?

A large majority of the Republican party, and all of the mugwumps.

What party or parties favored the repeal of the Sherman law without substituting proper legislation?

The Republican party and the mugwump party; the Democrats did what they could to restore it.

What party or parties are now fighting silver on every hand?

The Republican party and the mugwumps.

These are plain, simple answers to simple questions that arise in every day discussion, and we have collated them so that they can be used to answer the impertinent hirelings who are ready to deceive people because it is to their interest to do so.

### Not So Far Wrong.

[Jacksonville, Fla., dispatch, July 8.]

At St. Petersburg, Fla., in an address to a large crowd, Rev. W. G. Morgan bitterly denounced President Cleveland's foreign and financial policies. He said, if Cleveland was not watched he would deed away the United States to Great Britain, Spain and the shylocks. Mr. Morgan is a prominent minister and is said to be related to United States Senator Morgan, of Alabama.

Kepler firmly believed the moon to be inhabited. He always spoke of the supposed people of that orb as "the Selenites."


**Weak, Irritable, Tired**

**"I Was No Good on Earth."**

**Dr. Miles' Nervine** strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

***"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.***

A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decidde to try a bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.

***When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone: My nerves steadied completely: My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."***

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

**Dr. Miles' Nervine** is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**Dr. Miles' Nervine**

**Restores Health**

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



**"JUST A FEW WORDS"**

**That some of the young men have to say who have ridden the**

**—RAMBLER BICYCLE.—**

*Messrs. A. J. Pemberton and Co.,*

GENTLEMEN:

Replying to your favor of recent date in regard to the "Rambler Bicyle" will say: The Rambler is as near perfect in every respect as it is possible to make a wheel.

I have owned five (5) different makes of wheels (among the number was a Columbia) and I have ridden many more, but the Rambler is the easiest running and the most comfortable wheel to ride on that I have ever mounted. I am sure I shall never want to trade again.

Wishing you all the success you surely deserve in selling the best wheel on earth, I remain

Yours very truly,

E. M. SHEETZ.

Feb'y 12, 1895.

*A. J. Pemberton & Co.,*

GENTLEMEN:

Regarding your query as to "How I like the Rambler Bicycle," I need only state my experience. Last June I bought a "Columbia," and after riding it two months, I sold it and purchased a "Rambler."

I can unhesitatingly say that the Rambler is the best I have ever mounted, and really did not know what riding was until I had my Rambler.

Yours,

I. B. ROSENTHAL.

**All Models of the Rambler $100.**

WRITE OR CALL FOR CATALOGUE

**A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.**


**NOTICE.**

Having qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of S. A. C. L. Munroe, due not

# THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JULY 25, 1895.

Established in 1825 by E. J Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.


*THE POLITICAL DRIFT.*

It has been plain that the machine part of both the republican and the democratic parties for a long time fought off an acute discussion of the silver question. The reason is obvious: this "bi-partisan" (though bifurcated) body, the common agents of the money power, dreaded the light of discussion upon a subject they preferred to juggle with. There are many reasons to believe, what we insisted was the fact in 1892, that the third party movement—in the South, at least—was started in the interest of the republicans. We have since learned that Kolb was supplied with funds in Alabama, in 1892, by New England republicans, and we have seen, to our sorrow, how true was the OBSERVER's prediction that the populists would fuse with the republicans in 1894 unless we unloaded Ransomism.

There is little doubt in our mind that a majority of the rank and file of the populists, as well as last year's recalcitrant democrats, are still democrats in principle. The threshing out of the silver question now in progress is disclosing the identity of the financial doctrines of the Clevelandites, republicans and populists. All three favor fiat money—that is, unlawful money. The democratic party is the only one that favors the money of the Constitution, gold and silver at a parity. If, then, we can free ourselves from the Cleveland machine in national, and the Ransom machine in State, politics, it looks as if the disillusioned populists and kicking anti-machine democrats will be glad enough to return to their old allegiance. But not otherwise.

That's the way it looks to us, the situation is shaping.

*THE PRESS CONVENTION.*

The annual convention of the North Carolina Press Association met at Greensboro' on the 17th and 18th of this month, and the Association afterwards accepted the invitation of the proprietors of the Atlantic Hotel at Morehead City to spend a couple of days at that noted seaside caravansery.

There was an unusually large attendance of members, and many subjects of importance to them and to the people of the State were discussed and put in the way of appropriate disposal.

The hospitality of the people of Greensboro was unbounded, and the interest of the occasion greatly increased by visits of the Association to that remarkable institution for the normal and industrial training of young women, which Dr. McIver has founded and raised to such an extraordinary state of efficiency; to the resurrected Guilford Court House Battle Ground, which is likely to immortalize Judge Schenck and Governor Holt; and to the Cone Finishing Works where the productions of Southern cotton mills are "finished," wrapped in bolts, labelled and otherwise fitted for commerce, boxed and shipped to the four quarters of the globe. One can well believe, from a personal inspection of the latter institution, the assurance of Mr. Superintendant Lindau that there is no other similar establishment in America so complete and efficient.

A noteworthy outcome of the banquet which wound up the hospitality of Greensboro was the speech of Mr. Moses H. Cone, the proprietor of the Finishing works above mentioned, who declared himself in favor of as near an approach to free trade as the revenue needs of the United States would permit, but advocated the retention of the present currency system as best for those who need to borrow money from Wall Street. Mr. Cone offered to contribute $500 to pay the expenses of sending two members of the association (selected by him) to Mexico, to ascertain and report upon the condition of that country under free coinage of silver. A resolution to carry Mr. Cone's proposition into effect was offered at a meeting of the Association held after arrival at Morehead City, but the sentiment of the members was so overwhelmingly opposed to lending the Association's name to the carrying out of Mr. Cone's purpose, that the resolution was withdrawn.

The intensely hot weather greatly lessened the enjoyment of what, at a more temperate season, would have been an occasion of unalloyed profit and pleasure. We believe it is now agreed that conventions should no longer be held in the dog days unless at the sea side or in the mountains.

To Mayor Nelson, Alderman Vanstory (brother of our Fayetteville Mr. Vanstory), City Attorney Michaux, Dr. McIver, our able brethren of the local press (Messrs. Groome, Blair, Barber and Reese) and mine host Jessup of the Benbow, the association is indebted for much of the pleasure which the excellent arrangements provided for their entertainment afforded.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Democratic slogan: Restore free coinage first, then settle the ratio afterwards, if necessary.

* * *

It is widely believed that the overwhelming defeat of the Liberals in England is due to their obstructing the march of bi-metallism.

* * *

We are glad to note the success of the Rockingham Index, an independent newspaper which Mr. A. S. Dockery established a year ago and has been conducting with decided ability.

* * *

We shall give Senator Morgan's speech in full next week. It is the greatest speech delivered in America since the war. How he lays bare the "perfidy and dishonor" of the President! and without so much as using an impolite word.

* * *

Americans have never been so humiliated before as by Mr. Cleveland. Think of an Assistant Secretary of the United States Treasury going to London to get gold, as if he were no better than an Egyptian Khedive or a South African "Prince."

* * *

The fusion between the republicans and the Cleveland goldbugs seems to be hearty enough when we find Horr, Mr. Cleveland's Reform Club emissary, defending republican Senator Morrill against Harvey in the Chicago debate, and a North Carolina goldbug "democratic" paper characterizing Harvey's showing up of an untruthful statement by Morrill as a "vicious attack" upon that hoary republican sinner. Shades of Beck and Vance defend us!

* * *

Mr. Reform Club debater Horr's reference to "the fiat money craze," in his speech at Chicago on the 17th, is enough to make Mr. Depew's brass monkey laugh. It was the republicans (now Mr. Cleveland's financial allies) who first introduced fiat money into this country, and it is the republicans, Clevelandites and Ransomites who now insist on preserving the present currency laws, with their thousand millions of 1 cent and 50 cent dollars.

* * *

Don't lose sight of the fact that Wall Street does not propose to pay to England the 60 per cent. it cheated her out of in the stocks sold to her before the Baring trouble, but seeks, as unintentionally confessed by Matthew Marshall, to recover its credit with England by shifting upon the people of all the States the burden of paying the government bonds in money worth double what the people received. Having thus built up American shattered credit with the English bondholders, Wall Street will be able to cheat English buyers of railway stocks as before—and until the next "panic," when the present process will be repeated.

* * *

A Georgia exchange says: "W. C. Whitney, formerly secretary of the treasury under Mr. Cleveland, and still a close friend of the president, was the first to announce that the gold men would leave the democratic party should a silver platform be adopted. They threatened to bolt before 'young Mr. Bryan' did. This fact seems to have escaped the goldbug organs generally." This is not quite accurate. Mr. Carlisle, when the Illinois goldbugs rebelled against the Illinois democratic call for a convention, declared, as reported in the press dispatches and not denied, that he would vote for a republican gold candidate rather than a democratic silver candidate. Others in North Carolina followed his example, in one way or another. They have changed their tune since the Kentucky convention's foolish action, but the intention remains, without doubt. Carlisle was the first.

**Queer Practices.**

Some queer habits have found their way into what was once the decent every-day life, or the elegant social life, of the people of the South. These seem to have come along with the enfranchisement of the negro; or with the elevation of people who have misused the chance of good breeding; or with the turning loose of others who lack the natural refinement that still characterizes the "plain people" of the South.

In a first class carriage on one of our important lines of railway, two or three days ago, a nice, clean, well groomed negro (mulatto) sat in a seat three seats ahead of one of those fine-featured ladies that are so often seen in Carolina. Presently, he composed and disposed himself for sleep, deliberately putting both of his well shod but ugly feet over the high back of the seat in front of him.

At a mountain resort, recently, so the story goes, a politician invited some gentlemen to his room to take a glass of wine. Once inside, the host permitted some of his guests to dispose themselves as best they could on articles of furniture not intended for seats, while he occupied one of the chairs.

An observant person cannot have failed to note the increase in the underbred habit which has sprung up since the war with a certain kind of men, who speak of their wives as "Mrs. Jones," or "Mrs. Smith," instead of referring to those estimable ladies as "my wife." A brand new kink in this line has just been invented. We are credibly informed that some of the gentlemen alluded to actually refer to their daughters as "Miss Mary," or "Miss Sally." That is not the habit with well bred people, any more than with the "plain people," anywhere in the world. A letter before us, for example, from a titled member of the British Parliament winds up with "My wife and the girls send," &c. The writer did not say "Lady Blank and my daughters, the Honorable Misses Blank."

Let the gentlemen and ladies of the "first rate" people join the gentlemen and ladies of the "plain people" in correcting the habits of the hybrid nondescripts who are corrupting our good manners.

**The "Level" of Mexico.**

Atlanta Constitution.

In view of the fact that the agents of Shylock in this country, who have been employed to deceive the honest voters of the country, are constantly contending that independent free coinage will reduce us to the level of Mexico, the following dispatch from the City of Mexico, to The New York World becomes highly interesting:

"MEXICO CITY, June 16.—The general business condition of the country is prosperous and bankers regard the outlook for the crops as insuring good times. A proposition has been made to the government to place the entire foreign debt on a silver basis, it is reported, but it is not at all probable that the government will take any such plan into consideration, especially now that its budget is balanced and it can easily meet the interest on the gold debt.

"Mexico intends to keep faith with her foreign creditors and her increasing revenues will enable her to meet every obligation. The internal silver debt is now mainly held abroad and is scattered all over Europe. Investors over there apparently have entire faith in the future of silver, as these bonds are eagerly bought up whenever an issue is made.

"Mexican statesmen are even now anticipating the time when the country will have enough revenues from internal sources to be able to greatly reduce the customs tariff or abolish it altogether. There is a strong free trade sentiment here, but the time is not ripe for a reduction of the tariff, owing to the heavy amount of the gold obligation held abroad which compels economy on the part of the government in order to meet the interest.

"The cotton, textile and paper manufacturers are making large profits."

Now, this dispatch contains so much illuminating information that we wonder that so pronounced a goldbug organ as the New York World could be induced to spread before its readers facts which prove beyond all question that commercial conditions in Mexico, where the single silver standard prevails, are on a higher level of prosperity than ours.

The internal silver debt of Mexico is so popular in Europe that "these bonds are eagerly bought up whenever an issue is made." How different the situation in this country as compared with that of Mexico! Here the Cleveland administration was compelled to concede to the Rothschild combination a bonus of $9,000,000 for handling and floating $65,000,000 worth of gold bonds.

We learn, too, that the government is not anxious to take into consideration a plan to place its foreign gold debt on a silver basis. The present and prospective revenues of the government have received such a stimulus from the high premium on gold that there will be no difficulty in meeting the interest on its obligations in gold.

But, under the single gold standard, the revenues of the United States government have been tremendously decreased, the public debt has been enormously increased and the administration has been driven to such extremities by its own financial schemes and theories as to be compelled to place the people's treasury in charge of the Rothschilds, who, by controlling the treasuries, control the politics of all Europe.

This is bad enough, but the dispatch goes on to say that "the cotton, textile and paper manufacturers of Mexico are making large profits." Would that we were up, or down, to the level of Mexico in this particular. In the South the cotton mills, by reason of their peculiar situation, are making some profits, but the profits they are making in 1895 are not to be compared to those they made in 1892. In New England the mills have been compelled to shut down for long periods since 1892 and their profits have been cut down more than one half.

We trust the Shylock agencies in the South will continue to prate about the "Mexican level," especially since it happens to be the level of progress and prosperity.

**The English Election and Other News.**

A dispatch from London says: Now that a strong Unionist majority in the next Parliament is assured, people are beginning to ask what Lord Salisbury, the prime minister, will do with it. Born robust, will it survive the full natural term of the parliamentary session, seven years? Of course, the Unionists are confident that it will, and their confidence in its vigorous life for the full term is built on the solidity of the party when it was in opposition and the seeming absence of dangerous elements of discord. The Liberals comfort themselves by reverting to the past experience of Parliaments with great majorities, which have always shown a tendency to fall to pieces. They also have special reason to anticipate that the present or coming Unionist majority will not prove an exception to this experience. Judging from the results of elections thus far held, there is a strong probability that the purely Conservative majority will attain such dimensions as will render that party independent of Mr. Chamberlain and his allies. It is a notorious fact that the genuine Conservatives fear and detest Mr. Chamberlain. The old supporters of Lord Salisbury, whose claims to office have been overlooked in the formation of the new government in favor of Liberal-Unionists, will certainly soon enter into a cabal to oust the latter if the parties shall be able to act without the support of the Liberal-Unionists. Much depends upon the maintenance of ministerial harmony in the future programme of the party, which went into the campaign with no announced programme except, to use the words of Lord Salisbury, the programme of dissolution.

If Mr. Chamberlain consents to abandon every Liberal measure with which his name is still associated and confines himself to his recently-formulated Social platform, he will be likely to remain in the cabinet, but it will be difficult for him and his followers to submit to a reactionist policy like that embodied in sectarian education, which Lord Salisbury is credited with intending to promote. It will be still worse for the Liberal-Unionists if the cabinet should seek to gratify the internal yearning common to the whole Conservative party for some return to protection.

Lord Salisbury has the advantage of time before he will be obliged to disclose his programme. After the swearing-in of members after the House of Commons meets in the second week in August, nothing need be done beyond securing supplies. Nothing will be done before actual work is entered upon early in February.

The Irish question is likely to be acutely to the fore if events verify current reports. The physical force party, which had been organizing to compel action by the Liberals, were prepared to make such hostile demonstrations as would show that Irish discontent would not brook longer delay in satisfying the Irish demands. It is stated that secret drilling has been widely revived in Ireland by old malcontents. A number of well known members of the Irish communities in London, Glasgow and Liverpool have left within the month for Ireland, making no secret to their compatriots that something was brewing in which they meant to share. The triumph of the Unionists and prospective coercion may be giving impetus to the secret societies and may precipitate an outbreak in Ireland.

A report has been circulated that has caused the greatest kind of a sensation in society. It is to the effect that the Duke and Duchess of York's baby—Prince Edward—is deaf and dumb. It is impossible to ascertain what amount of truth there is in the report. The baby is a little over a year old and stout and well-formed. His photographs do not exhibit a trace of mental defect, but the report of this calamity is bruited widely as a fact.

The Maybrick Association, with which American ladies are affiliated, is about to present a petition to the new Home Secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, asking him to re-open the Maybrick case. Mrs. Florence Maybrick, it will be recalled, is an American woman, a native of Mobile, who was some time ago convicted of having poisoned her husband, a wealthy merchant of Liverpool. She was sentenced to be hanged but the sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life. Many persons believe that she is innocent of the charge on which she was convicted. The judge before whom she was tried later became insane and was compelled to retire from the bench by his associates. He always entertained a bitter prejudice against Americans.

The Liberals are ceasing to discuss the causes that shattered the party and are concentrating their interests on what the future may bring forth. The Daily News, the Westminster Gazette and other leading organs take precisely the same view as previously expressed that Parliaments with great majorities always show a tendency to fall to pieces and that the overwhelming strength of the Conservative majority will compel Lord Salisbury to legislate in favor of land, church and sectarian education on lines which will lead to a rupture in the Liberal-Unionists ranks.

Regarding the permanence of great majorities Sir William Harcourt, speaking to the electors of Monmouth, reminded them of how in 1886 the Liberals were confronted by a majority in the House of Commons of 126, which majority was finally converted into a minority of forty.

A significant article in the Times, in which the Liberal Unionists are advised to abandon home rule and start afresh on the old party lines, attracts attention as it is supposed to have been inspired by an influential adherent of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, besides forecasting what may happen if the Tory intrigues are successful in weakening the Liberal-Unionist element in the government. The symptoms of the intention of the Tories to guide the government policy with a masterful hand independent of the feelings of the Liberal-Unionists, has become so pronounced that it is not really premature to predict that Mr. Chamberlain and his followers will be obliged to submit to or desert the existing coalition. Thus Sir Michael Hicks Beach tells his constituents that about the first act of the new government will be the undoing of the effects of Sir William Harcourt's democratic budget by returning large sums to the landlords in rebate of the rates paid by them. Similarly, the Tory candidates everywhere announce that the public funds must be used freely to assist denominational schools, and in the manufacturing districts they promise to repeal the cotton duties.

Lord Salisbury undoubtedly begins his administration unhampered by a single pledge, but his supporters, having heartily and honestly promised much, will insist that their pledges be carried out.

Intimate friends of Mr. Gladstone say that the ex-premier has followed the election with mixed feelings. He is not, his friends declare, sorry to see the disestablishment of the Church in Wales receding into the distance; but he is loud in his denunciation of the action of the cabinet in rejecting his advice to dissolve immediately upon the rejection by the house of Lords of the Home Rule bill. Mr. Gladstone attributes the collapse of the party to this delay.

**The Three "Jugglers."**

Raleigh Canvasian.]

The Democratic political circus, hippodrome and menagerie, now giving performances in the country, offers to the public a specially attractive combination in the North Carolina division of the show. It is the most remarkable aggregation of a nondescript character ever put on the boards, and was secured and is maintained at tremendous expense. The assertion of the proprietor is that this combination claims to be able to do three different things at one time, and yet all be doing the same thing at the same time.

* * *

This unparalleled and never-before-exhibited combination is composed of the three "Observers"—the Charlotte Observer, the Fayetteville Observer and the News and Observer. The illuminated bills show them as three acrobats—all balancing themselves and standing on a little platform. All executing different performances and all claiming to do the same thing.

* * *

The Charlotte Observer is juggling a gold dollar and tries to make it do what *nothing else can do*. The Fayetteville Observer shows that a silver dollar can do just as much as a gold dollar, *provided*, the Democratic party does the silver juggling. The News and Observer juggles with one, then the other, then with both, then sits down with one in each hand waiting for the ring-master to come around and tell him whether it is to best stick to either one or both.

* * *

The Charlotte Observer plays a single-standard lyre with gold strings and sings a song composed by Jno. G. Carlisle and dedicated to Grover Cleveland by the London Jew Syndicate. If he gets an encore he sings a little ditty composed by a mongrel Democrat named Singerly, which first appeared in the Philadelphia Record. This ditty is remarkable for the amount of billingsgate compressed into so few words. It has no point or argument, but is stuffed chock-full of low blackguardism and abuse, and the Charlotte Observer is never so happy as when singing it. Here is a sample verse:

"Populism is a curse, a blight, a political paralysis worse almost than death; and every community, north or south, east or west, should shun it as they would leprosy."

This verse generally "brings down the house." The audience does not ask for any point or reason on the lay. They never do. All they want is some coarse, blustering, lying guff, and they think they've got their money's worth.

* * *

The Fayetteville Observer plays a silver-mounted flute—the notes of which are round and clear; but this kind of music is not what the audience wants. Clearness is something which their ears have not been trained to appreciate; and his music against "present day Democracy" does not take the audience worth a cent. It is only when he plays a little air which says that "*present day democracy* is better than Populism" that he gets any applause. His song doesn't say why it is better—the audience doesn't ask; but they know the notes are less round and clear—they get something they want and the performer slides off with some applause.

* * *

The News and Observer plays a bass drum, beating first one side and then the other—making the same sound all the time. When Carlisle makes a goldbug speech he beats one side. When Harvey writes an unanswerable free silver document, he beats the other side. When Parson Kilgo makes a goldbug speech he beats one side again. When the Memphis bi-metallic convention adopts an independent free silver platform he beats the other side. When the Kentucky Democratic convention adopted a goldbug platform and nominated a free silver man, it beat both sides at the same time. When Mr. Carlisle made his master effort in behalf of the goldbugs, this performer said Mr. Carlisle was the most intellectual man in this country—and beat one side of his drum. Senator Morgan will make a master effort in behalf of free silver at Griffin, Ga.; and this performer says Mr. Morgan can answer Mr. Carlisle or Mr. anybody—and beats the other side of his drum. He nominates Hoke Smith—goldbug—for President, and then beats one side of his drum. He keeps standing at the head of his column an extract from the Memphis free silver resolutions—and beats the other side of his drum.

* * *

Grand tableaux: The Charlotte Observer waving the gold standard banner with the device, "I am a Democrat;" the Fayetteville Observer waving the free silver banner with the device, "I am a Democrat;" the News and Observer waving no banner but beating his drum and squalling "I am a Democrat."

* * *

There will be no change in the programme until the ring master cracks his whip and directs the performers to assume new roles.

**JUST AS WE PREDICTED.**

**Cleveland for a Third Term.**

The Washington correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, writing under date of July 22, says:

"I heard to day the first explicit statement emanating from a man of national reputation, appearing well authorized to speak, that the President sought a third term of his high office. General Wade Hampton is quoted to me as the authority for the statement, and the story comes to me through only two intermediaries. It is probable that the old general had no idea he would get into the newspapers on this matter. Later the report reaches me without injunctions of any kind, and while it is in down-right conflict with my previous news on the subject, I do not feel at liberty to discredit it, as it comes through a respectable channel. General Hampton further said that the South would not persist in opposing a third term; that the whole party, in his judgment, would fall into line after awhile, and the renomination be accomplished without much difficulty. He appeared likewise to be sanguine of the re-election of Mr. Cleveland."

HOW TO "WORK" THE DEPARTMENTS.

The same correspondent gives also this interesting bit of information:

"Marshal Carroll arrived to-day and purposes remaining three or four days. He has a good deal of routine business with the Department of Justice, closing up the matters of the last fiscal year. Heretofore the office has not paid in excess of $2,500 fees, but Mr. Carroll has caused it to reach the limit of $6,000. He states that it was done justly, without straining points. The number of deputies has been increased from 12 to 50 and the number of commissioners from 8 to 36. The marshal asks for additional clerical aid and thinks he will get it on the showing of business. He does not forget that five counties were recently added to his district. Marshal Carroll, as the result of his travels about the State, *finds that the anti-free coiners are gaining ground.*"

And this:

"Marshal Carroll says there is a general return of prosperity in North Carolina, an instance of which was the fact that when lightning struck a Wayne county ploughman last week, the poor fellow, clad in nankeen breeches, had $500 in greenbacks on his person."

Hurrah for the Head Bolter and the rich ploughmen of North Carolina who are tumbling at his heels (so numerously)!

**Washington Notes.**

From Our Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, July 22, 1895.

Ex Speaker Crisp is in Washington, but will sail this week for Europe, where he will remain until the fall, for the benefit of his health, which, while much better than it was during the last session of Congress, is still far from robust. Judge Crisp simply laughs at the story that he is running away from Georgia to escape the Silver discussion now going on in his State. He says the people of Georgia know better than that; also, that they know his position in favor of silver is the same now that it has been for years.

A business man from New York thus sizes up the political outlook. "The prospects of the democrats are brightening all the time. Anybody who doubts that statement knows but little of what is going on. Wages are being advanced, mills are running night and day, and American manufactures, thanks to free raw materials, are beating their European competitors in the most distant markets of the earth. This is proof positive that with equal chances as to material the manufacturer of the United States could not only hold his own against the foreigner, but could drive him off the field."

[Don't forget that it was a democratic Congress which passed the tariff bill that has done these wonders, and that it was the machine-mugwump, Cleveland, who declared some of its authors guilty of "perfidy and dishonor," and refused to sign it. —OBS.]

**Nuggets of Gold (with a Silver Application) from the Atlanta Constitution.**

It is thought that Horace White has imported a pair of British brogans with which to "stamp out the free silver craze."

Poor Henry Watterson will have a lively time supporting the most rampant free coinage man in the country on a platform that means nothing.

The Kentucky democrats straddled in their platform, but they made up for it by nominating one of the most extreme free coinage men to be found in the state.

Wat Hardin had made his own platform before the Kentucky convention met, and he is still standing on it.

No doubt poor Mr. Watterson feels proud of the platform straddle in Kentucky. Nevertheless, it is a disgrace to the party.

If the silver movement is dead again, why should Wall street call so vigorously for a huge corruption fund?

Larry Godkin says he's afraid of the Anglo-Saxon in America. One thing is certain—the Anglo Saxon isn't afraid of Larry.

The treasury touters were on hand at the Kentucky convention and all the local papsuckers swarmed around them.

The treasury is about $45,000,000 behind. The Rothschild syndicate walked off with about $10,000,000 of profits that would otherwise have gone to the treasury.


**It Should be in Every House.**

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free Trial Bottles at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drugstore. Large bottles, 50c. and $1.00

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills an absolute cure.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Washington Post seems to forget that Blackburn was sold out by the papsuckers in his own district.

The secret of the high state of civilization in Turkey is at last out. That country has the British gold standard. There's always a cause for everything if you only know where to look for it.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS. "MOTHERS' FRIEND"

We Offer You a REMEDY Which INSURES Safety of Life to Mother and Child.

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

My wife used "MOTHERS' FRIEND" before birth of her first child, she did not suffer from CRAMPS or PAINS—was quickly relieved at the critical hour suffering but little—she had no pains afterward and her recovery was rapid.

E. E. JOHNSTON, Eufaula, Ala.

Sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed Free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Nervous

People should realize that the only true and permanent cure for their condition is to be found in having

Pure Blood

Because the health of every organ and tissue of the body depends upon the purity of the blood. The whole world knows the standard blood purifier is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And therefore it is the only true and reliable medicine for nervous people. It makes the blood pure and healthy, and thus cures nervousness, makes the nerves firm and strong, gives sweet sleep, mental vigor, a good appetite, perfect digestion. It does all this, and cures Scrofula, Eczema, or Salt Rheum and all other blood diseases, because it

Makes Pure Blood

Results prove every word we have said. Thousands of voluntary testimonials fully establish the fact that

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Be Sure to Get Hood's

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula and the result is that I am permanently cured." CLAUDE R. DOTSON, Richie C. H., West Virginia.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, constipation, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion. 25c.

Don't you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla will overcome that tired feeling and give you renewed vigor and vitality?

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PETER HENDERSON'S TURNIP SEEDS have taken the lead and will hold it. They never disappoint. For sale by

H. R. HORNE.

WANTED.—To employ a Lady or Gentleman to act as our General Agent. Must be a hustler and able to furnish good references. Salary $50.00 per month and commission. Address with tamp,

CHAS. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

A large Railway Map of the United States, so arranged in sections as to be entirely practicable and convenient to passengers in any position, is contained in the Rand-McNally Railway Guide. This will aid the most inexperienced traveler in tracing his route.

"ANTI SKEET" TABLETS FOR DESTROYING Mosquitoes, Moths, etc., in a pleasant and harmless aroma. 10c. a box at MCDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

TO THE PEOPLE OF FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—We have arranged with Mr. J. R. Hiatt, to handle our milk. It will be shipped to him fresh every day, and you will find it first-class in every respect. Very respectfully,

RIVERSIDE FARM,
Ore Hill, N. C.

The INDUSTRIA CUBANA, a genuine Cuban hand-made Key West, unflavored, long Havana filled, 5 cent cigar. Also my usual line of choice brands, including "After Hours," "Saborosa," Straiton & Storms' "Principe," Traylor's "Conqueror," "Little Solon Shingle," etc, etc. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

H. H. H.

WE HAVE COMPLETED TAKING

INVENTORY OF STOCK,

and have made out quite a list of goods that we are offering at

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

We must close out these goods to make room

For Fall Purchases.

We will be glad to furnish a list of these goods to parties in want of anything in our line. In many instances these goods are

Offered at Less than Cost.

—THEY MUST GO.—

We will be glad to send these lists by mail to any one wanting them.

Huske Hardware House.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Plows, Harrows, Cultivators and all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Castings and Steel Shapes for the same.

IF YOU WANT ANY LEATHER GOODS SUCH AS

Buggy Harness, Wagon Harness, Plow Gear,

Bridles and Collars,

do not fail to examine our stock—we have the very best goods at panic prices. We can furnish you with any part of Harness at half the price that it will cost you to have it made.

—IT IS JUST AS WE TOLD YOU TWO YEARS AGO IT WOULD BE—

"ALBEMARLE" FLOUR

has a great deal the largest sale of any Patent Flour sold in Fayetteville, quality and price combined will tell.

FERTILIZERS.

We have in stock quite a number of the oldest and most reliable Brands and several new Brands which we offer at popular prices. We offer special inducements to car load buyers.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

INSURANCE.

WALTER WATSON,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, AND HORSE SHOE NAILS,
GRINDSTONES AND FIXTURES,
PUMPS AND PUMP FITTINGS,
ROPES AND TWINES,
MACHINE AND CARRIAGE BOLTS,
SAW MILL AND GINNERS' SUPPLIES,
WAGON, CART AND CARRIAGE MATERIALS
WELL BUCKETS AND CHAINS,
PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS,
RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTINGS,

SECOND HAND GINS AND PRESSES

FOR SALE CHEAP,

AND ALL SHELF HARDWARE USUALLY FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS

HARDWARE STORE.

Guns, Rifles and Pistols a Specialty.

MY SHOPS ARE ALWAYS OPEN FOR REPAIRING

Guns, Pistols, Locks, &c., &c.

WALTER WATSON.

Write for Catalogue of Guns, Pistols, &c.

ASSIGNEE'S CLOSING SALE

—OF—

SUMMER DRY GOODS.

E. J. Lilly is determined

—TO CLOSE OUT ALL OF THE—

Strictly Summer Goods

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION IN THE STOCK

OF ROSE & LEAK.

The cost of an article will not be considered as these goods must be converted into CASH

BLACK GOODS.

In this line you can buy for half its value as the following quotation of prices will attest:

50 cts. all-wool Tamise, one yard wide. 37½
75 " " " " " 37½
80 " " " 40 inches wide. 40

The above goods are especially adapted for summer dresses and are considered very much cooler than lawns.

Also a full line of Nun's Veiling at half price.

ALL-WOOL GRENADINE

in stripe and plaids for 37½c. former price 90c.

FIGURED ORGANDIES.

A beautiful line of the above goods will be closed at 9 cts. These goods are sold everywhere at 15 cts. A cheaper grade for only 5 cts.

Did it ever occur to you that a nice Ladies' Gauze Vest could be bought for 5 cts.

Who ever dreamed of buying an ALL-SILK Vest for 50 cts.; half Silk at 37½ cts., and a lovely quality of Lisle Thread at 25 cts. former price 50 cts.

CHILDREN'S NEWPORT TIES and SLIPPERS

at exactly half price.

These goods were marked in conformity with our one price cash system, and when you are asked half that price for a nice Bronze, Tan or Black Slipper you will know that it is being SLAUGHTERED.

LADIES' TAN OXFORDS.

Old price $2 50, will be closed at $1 25

Only a few pairs of them left, so come early.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

E. J. LILLY, Assignee

OF ROSE & LEAK.

A. S. HUSKE,

Commission Merchant and Headquarters

FOR TRUCKERS SUPPLIES.

Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Shipper of Produce and Agent for reliable Commission Merchants in many of the large cities; also for Manufacturers of

Fruit Carriers, Crates, &c.

BUYS AND SELLS MELONS AND OTHER PRODUCE IN SEASON.

Just an inkling about Peaches, Pears and Grapes and how to ship them.

ARE YOU A FRUIT GROWER?

If so I would be glad to make your acquaintance, and take pleasure in answering any inquiries about Fruit Carriers, Potato Barrels and such like, in car lots or less.

Orders intrusted to the undersigned will receive prompt attention. Very truly yours,

A. S. HUSKE

R. M. NIMOCKS, Fayetteville, N. C. E. M. WELLS, Man'g'r Wil. Branch.

THE Carolina Cooperage and Veneer Co.

TRUCKERS WHO DESIRE

Shipping Packages, Crates, Barrels, &c.,

will do well to place their orders at once with A. S. HUSKE, who is authorized Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.

4-25-95

R. T. THOMAS,

sucessor to A. Deaver.

Butcher of Select Cattle,

Mutton and Pork in Season.

By conducting a first-class business in the section of the Market House recently vacated by the city fire department, I will strive to MERIT A SHARE OF THE PATRONAGE IN MY LINE.

Respectfully,

R. T. THOMAS

3-14-95

MOSQUITOES —AND— MOTHS —ARE— INSTANTLY KILLED —WITH— "ANTI-SKEET" WAFERS. 10 CENTS.

ALL DRUGGISTS OR FROM THE NATIONAL SOLICITING COMPANY, NO. 96 FIFTH AVE., N. Y.

5-9-95 3m

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.

Her Reputation is the best to-day.

Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.

Take out a policy on your property.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

# THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JULY 25, 1895.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

*TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:*

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

*RATES OF ADVERTISING:*

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ Notices of church and society and all other entertainments from which revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of five cents a lined.

☞ The sum of not less than five cents per line will be charged for "cards of thanks," "resolutions of respect" and obituary poetry, also for obituary notices other than those which the editor himself shall give as a matter of news.


Schedule of Mails at Post Office, Fayetteville, N. C.

| | Arrival. | Departure. | Clo'g of Mails. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A. C. L. | | | |
| North Bound, | 10:55 a m | 10:57 a m | 10:27 a m |
| North Bound, | 9:30 p m | 9:30 p m | 9:00 p m |
| South Bound, | 4:25 p m | 4:25 p m | 4:05 p m |
| South Bound, | 12:51 a m | 12:51 a m | 9:00 p m |
| C. F. & Y. V. R. R. | | | |
| North Bound, | 12:15 p m | 12:45 p m | 12:15 p m |
| South Bound, | 2:15 p m | 2:45 p m | 2:15 p m |
| *Benett's Div | 10:55 a m | 4:35 p m | 4:10 p m |
| River Line, | Thurs & Sat. | Mon & Wed | |
| From Wilm'n | 4:00 p m | 8:00 a m | 7:30 a m |
| Star Routes, | Wed & Sat | Tues & F | |
| Manly Mail, | 6:00 p m | 7:00 a m | 6:30 a m |
| Worker— | Arrive Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday. | | |
| | 11:00 a m | 11:00 a m | 11:00 a m |
| Depart | 12:00 m | 12:00 m | 12:00 m |
| Edonia, | 7:30 p m | 7:00 a m | 6:30 a m |

*Daily except Sunday.

B. H. HENDERSON, P. M.

## TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

J. W. CARMON—Look!
G. A. BURNS—Farriery.
McMILLAN BROS.—For Rent.
H. R. NOVITZKY—"At Actual Cost."
D. W. CARTER—Swain High School.
J. W. INGOLD—I. W. Harper Whisky.
JOHN GRAHAM—Ridgeway High School.
LIDDELL COMPANY—Modern Gin Houses.
C. W. ELLIOTT & Co.—Flour, Meal, Hams, &c.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE—Inventory of Stock.
NEWTON H. SMITH—Land and Immigration Agency.
W. A. HARRIS, D. D.—Virginia College, &c.—4th page.
DR. MILES' NERVINE—A Minister's Health Restored—4th page.
JOHN C. HAIGH—Statement of the Condition of The Bank of Fayetteville.
JOHN P. STEDMAN—"The Greatest Remedy on Earth" for Headache and Neuralgia.

The fourth annual session of the Elders and Deacons Institute convenes at Red Springs to-day. A number of Fayetteville people are attending.

There is any abundance of fruit this season. The peaches are finer than in many years. The outlook is promising for a good grape year.

Mr. Bob Godwin was in the city this week and was the hero of the day, many people congratulating him on his lucky escape from the 71st dragon.

We extend our sympathies to Mr. and Mrs. Isham Black in the loss of their little son, Sedgwick, whose death occurred Monday night at their residence in Seventy First.

Mr. N. H. Smith is working points on the C. F. & Y. V. R'y between here and Wilmington in the interest of his Immigration Agency. He informs us that he has some encouraging prospects for business this Fall in the way of locating industrial enterprises.

Peace Institute, Raleigh, N. C., whose advertisement appears in another column has had a continued existence as a school for 58 years without the death of one of its pupils. The school now has a faculty unsurpassed North or South, and solicits the patronage of our people upon its merits alone. Send for its catalogue.

The "Bolton Boys" entertained a number of young ladies and gentlemen at supper Monday night. After supper dancing and music were indulged in until the small hours, when the merry company took their departure, singing the praises of the "Bolton Boys" and their summer home. Among the young ladies present were: Miss Red, of Virginia; Miss Young, of Washington, D. C.; Miss Green, of Wilmington; Miss Eliza Williams, Miss Fannie Williams, Miss Kate Underwood, Miss Mabel Elliott, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Fisher.

The Sanford Express learns from a reliable source that the Southern Railway Company contemplates building a railroad from Asheboro to Troy. This road will pass through an excellent farming section which is well stocked with timber and noted for its mineral deposits. If the Aberdeen and Rockfish Railroad is completed to Fayetteville it will, in conjunction with the Aberdeen and West End road, constitute a continuous line from Troy to Fayetteville, and in connection with the branch of the Southern to be completed to Troy, will open up a fine section of undeveloped country.

**The New Baptist Pastor.**

The people of Fayetteville will cordially welcome the Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, the new Pastor of the Baptist Church in this city, who will arrive to-day and conduct the evening services in that church.

**The Evening Telegram.**

We welcome the Evening Telegram, a daily evening visitor of our city people, which appeared on the 17th. It is not a very large sheet, but it is bright and newsy, has a wholesome air about it, and is conducted by Mr. W. E. Clark, a worthy printer. Success to it.

**Buy No Others.**

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the OBSERVER offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should a newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the OBSERVER not stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

Mr. F. R. Rose, whose illness has caused so much anxiety among his friends, is much better we are glad to state.

**Court Notes.**

Cumberland County Superior Court is in session this week for the trial of criminal cases only.

His Honor Judge Augustus W. Graham is presiding and Solicitor Seawell prosecuting.

Judge Graham's charge to the Grand Jury was an exceedingly able one, being clear, precise and full of good law.

As soon as the Court was formally opened the Judge commanded every one to put on their coats or leave the room, thus establishing a new and healthy precedent for Cumberland county.

The following lawyers from abroad are in attendance: Messrs. Armistead Jones, Raleigh; Isaac Murchison, Manchester; W. E. Murchison, Jonesboro; E. W. Kerr, Clinton; and Col. Worthington, ex-Solicitor of the Third Judicial District.

Monday William Salmon and William Dettmar pleaded guilty to the bill of indictment charging them in connection with others who turned State's evidence, with stealing a whisky distillery from Mr. J. A. Burns. The Judge sentenced Salmon to three and Dettmar to two years in the penitentiary at hard labor.

Sim Gilmore and King Underwood indicted for resisting an officer were found not guilty and discharged.

Tuesday Cloie McDougald, Ben McDougald and Chas. McGilvary were tried for an affray and found guilty. Cloie McDougald was ordered to pay a fine of $10 and cost, the others were sentenced to the county jail for 30 days.

Jno. B. Parker, found guilty of larceny, and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Geo. King was found guilty of perjury; not yet sentenced.

Wednesday, in the case of Chas. Hall indicted for rape, a special venire was summoned, and the case commenced yesterday. The jury came in late in the evening with a verdict of not guilty.

The Bishop R. Holmes and Duncan McEachern murder cases are also to be tried.

Special venires in both cases have been summoned.

There was a little clash Monday between the State and Federal authorities over the custody of a prisoner, Henry Edge. He was finally discharged by the State, arrested by the United States, tried before a commissioner and acquitted of the charge, which was tampering with a government distillery house.

**Duncan McEachern Captured.**

Duncan McEachern wanted for a murder committed in this county 12 year ago, was recognized in Wilmington Friday last, and lodged in jail. He denied that he was that person. Deputy Sheriff Autry brought him up from Wilmington Monday, and upon his arrival here he was recognized by several parties, and then confessed that he was Duncan McEachern. One day during the month of April, 1883, Duncan McEachern and Anderson Tolly were moving James Simpson's furniture, and Duncan was driving. They stopped in front of Mr. John Buie's house, in 71st, to get some water, and while there they got into a quarrel as to who should drive the wagon, when McEachern shot Tolly.

Kittie Williams and Susan Mitcham, servants of Mr. Jno. Buie, heard the loud words, and ran to the door of the house just in time to see McEachern fire and Tolly drop off the seat of the wagon. McEachern fled, and the last seen of him was as he passed Mrs. Gilchrist's house. Tolly lived nearly two weeks.

**The Drewry Academy.**

The OBSERVER learns that the services of Mr. J. H. Myrover have been secured in the faculty of Col. Drewry's Academy, which opens in this city this fall, for instruction in the ancient languages, English literature, rhetoric and declamation.

The *personnel* of the corps of instructors in the new school is of a character high enough to satisfy the most exacting of parents or guardians—first mitemen of colleges of high grade—while the superior executive abilities of Col. Drewry, demonstrated in a connection of many years with one of the best high schools in the State, make assurance that his management will give complete satisfaction.

**Judge Graham.**

Our people welcome heartily the Hon. Augustus W. Graham, Judge of the Superior Court, who opened the mid-summer (criminal) term of the Court in this city on Monday.

Judge Graham was appointed by Governor Carr a few months ago in place of Judge Winston, who had resigned. He is a man of fine ability, attractive presence and, like all of his blood, of incorruptible integrity and a high sense of honor.

It is a comfortable thought that there is virtue enough left in the land to place in high office a son of William A. Graham—*clarum et memorabile nomen!*

We received an anonymous communication Saturday, signed "Seventy First," criticizing our course in mentioning the 71st slander case and not mentioning a recent scandal in this city. We would call "Seventy First's" attention to the fact that the former case was tried publicly in this city and was, therefore, public news. Nevertheless, we chose to refrain from mentioning any names. The latter case has never been tried, and has, we believe, been arranged privately among the parties interested.

We see by the Wilmington papers that the County Commissioners of New Hanover have appropriated $250 for the purpose of advertising the resources of that county at the Atlanta Exposition. We wish Cumberland could be represented there, if only to show to the world the advantages of her vast water powers and natural sites for factories of all kinds. We hope that she will have some representation in the North Carolina Exhibit at the great Southern Exhibition.

We regret to announce the death of Capt. Jno. Daniel, which occurred in Baltimore Tuesday. Capt. Daniel was well known and very popular in this city.

Red Springs is getting to be quite a resort for Fayetteville people.

## THE GALLANT CHICOREANS.

**All, to a Man, "Had a Stomach to This Fight"—Skill in Fire Practice—A Watermelon Frolic—A Festival of Good Things, with a Tribute to Beauty.**

All during the forenoon of last Thursday, the frequent arrival of vehicles in front of the Overbaugh House, on Green street, attracted attention; the conveyance of loaded hampers, covered baskets and sweet-smelling waiters quickened anticipation, while the presence of the lovely matrons and pretty girls of Fayetteville gave assurance that the centre of attraction was to be found not a hundred miles from that spot before the day closed—and the expectations of the *gourmand* and the *gallant* were realized when the doors of the large dining-room were thrown open, and crowds of the hungry seated themselves to the exquisite and abundant cheer offered on the *menu* of the Business Men's Dinner, spread as part of the benefit of the Chicora Fire Company.

Notable as are the housewives of Fayetteville, they manage the things of the mahogany not only well but artistically, and the vigorous onslaught all along the line, from roast pig to banana ice-cream, was done amid the environments of beautiful flowers, decorated walls and all the other tasteful embellishments of fair hands. The guests agreed that a finer dinner had rarely been set forth in these parts; and, though Fayetteville men are not pretty, like Fayetteville women, they know a good thing when they see it in a dinner plate. They were served during the feast by the following lovely women, who, both there and at the evening festival, attested their interest in our excellent fire department:

Miss Alice Campbell, Miss P. H. Matthews, Mrs. J. J. Croswell, Mrs. A. H. Slocomb, Mrs. B. C. Gorham, Mrs. E. T. McKethan, Miss M. G. McNeill, Miss Bertie Brady, Miss Ethel Fisher, Miss Kate Underwood, Miss Bessie McNeill, Miss M. F. Preston, Miss Bessie Hollingsworth, Miss Eliza Williams, Miss Mattie Sedberry, Miss Fannie Ledbetter, Miss Augusta McKethan, Miss Eva Willis Miss Sallie Atkinson, Miss Annie Gaster, Miss Mamia Alexander, Miss Kate Hawley.

At 5 P. M., when the fire alarm tapped for the contest on Market Square, all the upper windows of the buildings on the four sides of the square, the balconies and windows of the market house, and the pavements of Green, Hay and Person streets were packed with a great concourse of people, eager to witness the trial of skill and enjoy the fun.

At the signal, the two reel teams ran to their reel carts and back to the hydrants, 500 feet, and affixed the nozzles, and water was thrown on a fire kindled on the square, in just two minutes—won by team No. 2, though, but for a slight miscalculation of distance, No. 1 would have come in ahead.

The contest of endurance lasted long, with an arduous fight on both sides, and resulted in a "draw," as there seemed to be no "give up" in a man of either party. The test of water power and pressure was very satisfactory; and, while the four great streams were being thrown over and about the market, they seemed adequate to overcome any fire.

The watermelon tournament, in which the "coons" were the heroes, was a roaring farce throughout—doing great credit to the ingenuity of Chief McNeill, and proving him to be great in the "frills," as well as the serious part of his duties. The first actor on the stage was a colored gentleman, not only *ebrious* but *ebrius*, in the words of Baron Cosmo Bradwardine; and, as he entered the arena, prepared to do or die the death of those tardy individuals who failed to take passage with father Noah, four water columns struck him amidship, and doubled him up just as a strong garden hose would a tomato plant. Time and again the ring was entered by ambitious negro boys, and the whole square rang with laughter at their mishaps, or applause at their occasional success.

The reporter estimates that from 5 to 6:45 p. m. the four hose sent out 105,000 gallons of water—just the capacity of the standpipe on Haymount.

In the evening the festival at the company's headquarters on Green street was liberally patronized. The hall was tastefully adorned with flowers, evergreen and bunting, the walls on one side being the work of team No. 2, and those on the other of team No. 1. The tables were well filled until a late hour, and the girls in attendance never looked more charming. The iced cake, voted to the handsomest young lady, was won by Miss Bessie McNeill over many competitors, and was awarded in a few remarks by Mr. J. H. Myrover. By the way, Miss Purnell, of Raleigh, had the honor of receiving many votes in this contest.

The reporter is glad to know that the entertainment, so delightful throughout, was financially successful. Fayetteville delights to serve and honor its fire department which has never failed in its duty, which has an incomparable record in fighting fires, and which, under Chief McNeill, has been trained to a very high state of efficiency.

The company is very grateful to the ladies of the Monument Association for the interest which they manifested and the substantial aid which they gave.

**In Aid of the Monument.**

On Thursday, August 1st, the ladies of the Monument Association will give a Japanese Tea and an Ice Cream Festival on the green surrounding the old Court House, from 6 to 10 p. m.

Let everybody, and his cousins and his sisters and his aunts (as well as other relatives) turn out on this occasion. The ladies are determined to make this the greatest success of the season, and will provide some novelties for both palate and eye.

A terrific thunder storm visited this city yesterday evening. The lightning played all about our ears and made many people dance. It struck and completely demolished the chimney of A. Garrason's store on Hay street and also a large tree in the old Kyle lot on Green street.

The many visiting young ladies were given a complimentary german Tuesday in McKethan's Hall, and, notwithstanding the intense heat, it was greatly enjoyed.

## People and their Movements.

Miss Eliza Rose is visiting in Morganton.

Mrs. R. M. Nimocks and children are at Red Springs.

Professor M. H. Holt, of Oak Ridge, was here last week.

Mr. Starr Dye, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his mother.

Mr. Frank O. Waltom, of Morganton, spent Sunday in the city.

Mr. J. G. Shaw and family are spending some time at Red Springs.

Misses Ethel and Nannie Fisher are visiting friends in Burlington.

Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., of Wilmington, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Ida Ingram, of Harnett Co., was in town shopping yesterday.

We are sorry to state that ex-Sheriff Hardie's condition is critical.

Mr. J. L. Prior spent a few days with his old friends here this week.

Mr. Thos. F. Bagly and family, of Wilmington were in the city on Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Brandt and Miss Eula May McDonald went to Red Springs to-day.

Mrs. Jno. Culbreth and Miss Bessie Hollingsworth go to Red Springs to-day.

Mr. Alex. Makepeace, of Lewiston, Me., is visiting the family of Mr. Colin McRae.

Mr. T. T. Hay, the popular insurance man of Raleigh, spent Sunday in the city.

We are glad to learn that Mrs T. S. Lutterloh, who has been so sick, is rapidly improving.

Mrs. McKay (*nee* Bernard), of Wilmington, has left the city after a visit to Mrs. N. H. Smith.

Mrs. Jno. F. McEachern and children, of Savannah, Ga., are visiting at Mr, Jno. Buie's in 71st.

Misses Nellie and Mamie Haigh left yesterday for Pittsboro, where they will spend a month or two.

Miss Nannie Lou Crowson, of Carthage, is visiting Miss Nannie McGilvary at her home on Haymount.

Prof. J. A. McArthur has returned after an extensive trip in the interest of his school at Lumber Bridge.

Mrs. Kate F. Brown and daughter, Miss Nellie, of Wilmington, are visiting at Mrs. Jas. McGilvary's, on Haymount.

His many old friends and schoolmates here were glad to see Col. W. H. Bernard of the Wilmington Star on our streets last week.

Mrs. Joseph Holden, wife of the Superintendent of the Fayetteville Cotton Mills, has returned from a visit to her parents in Manchester, England.

Miss Jennie Boag, who has been visiting the Misses Kyle on Haymount, returned home Friday night, much to the regret of her numerous young friends here.

Mr. J. A. Oates, Jr., has returned from Baltimore, where he has been attending the Young Peoples' Christian Union. He says it was the biggest thing he ever saw.

Mr. H. L. Hall, Cumberland's ex-Register of Deeds, has been in the city the past week. It affords him great pleasure to come down occasionally and meet old friends.

Judge H. R. Bryan passed through this city last week on his way to Catawba county. He was accompanied to this city by his daughter, Miss Isabelle Bryan, who is now the guest of her sister, Mrs. Jno. B. Broadfoot, on Haymount.

## Publications Required by Law.

[N. C. Press Association Annual Report.]

Section 219 of the Code requires service of summons by publication, in certain cases, once a week for six weeks.

Section 352 requires publication of warrants of attachment once a week for four weeks

Section 456 requires publication once a week for four weeks, of all sales of real estate under execution.

Section 515 requires the publication once a week for six weeks, of a notice to creditors when any person applies to a magistrate for his homestead.

Section 678 requires the publication of the notice of incorporation by the Clerk.

Section 713 requires the publication once a week for four weeks, of the amount, etc., audited by the County Commissioners to themselves.

Section 752 requires the Commissioners to publish their annual statement.

Section 788 authorizes executors, &c., to publish once a week for six weeks a notice to creditors.

Section 1452 requires the clerk, in certain cases, to publish a notice to creditors once a week for six weeks.

Section 1783 requires publication for two weeks in enforcing a mechanic's lien.

Chapter 242, Laws of 1889, requires publication of County Treasurer's statement.

Chapter 580, Laws of 1891, requires Clerks of the Superior Court to publish their annual reports of public funds in their hands.

Chapter 296, Laws of 1893, (which is the usual "machinery act" for collecting taxes,) provides for several publications, as will be seen by reference to Sections 24, 36, 38, 51 and 112.


## Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking

**AYER'S**

Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

**AYER'S Cathartic Pills**

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.


## Cornelia Items.

Correspondence of the Observer.

CORNELIA, N. C., July 22, 1895.

We are having warm weather at present. It is warm enough to make cotton, peas and sweet potatoes grow, which requires warm seasons for good crops.

We know of farmers who have made two crops of Irish potatoes in one season, the potatoes of each crop being of good size. We hope the farmers will cultivate more Irish potatoes next year.

Mr. Simeon Godwin made 37 bushels of wheat on seven acres of land this year, averaging 5¼ bushels per acre. He will also make a corn crop on the same piece of land this year.

We learn that Mr. Kinion Matthews is very ill with a throat trouble, but was getting better yesterday.

Rev. Mr. Pervat, Missionary Baptist, preached to an attentive audience yesterday (Sunday) in the forenoon, at McMillan's Chapel. His text was the latter part of verse 7, Numbers, xxi chap., which is as follows: "And Moses prayed for the People." One member was received by letter from Antioch Church, viz: Mr. E. J. House.

While the Sunday School class was singing a lesson at McMillan's Chapel in the afternoon, Mr. J. L. Autry, of Clement, N. C, came in and was invited by Mr. N. W. Bain, the superintendent, to address the Sunday School. Mr. Autry responded by making a few remarks. He advised the little boys to never get drunk, and pointed out to them some of the evils of intemperance. He is an ardent worker in the Sunday School.

We notice that the ladies are more interested in religious work than gentlemen. Miss Cora E. Gainey is assistant secretary of the Sunday School at McMillan's Chapel. Also Miss Delia F. Godwin is assistant secretary of the Sunday School at Oak Ridge, and her sister, Miss Lena Godwin, is treasurer of the same school. Other ladies in this vicinity are teachers and good workers in the Sunday School.

One thing needful at this place is a good day school. We hope our citizens will succeed in employing good teachers this year. A poor school teacher is worse than no teacher.

D. D. BAIN.

**DIED.**

WOODWARD—In Wilmington, on the 18th of July, EUNICE, daughter of W. J. and Mary Woodward, aged 10 years. "Of such is the kingdom of Heaven."

SMITH—In Bladen County, on the 19th of July, WILLIE MITCHELL, daughter of William and Elizabeth Ann McDonald Mitchell, and wife of Arthur Smith, aged 45 years. *Biblical Recorder* please copy.


EFFECTUAL.—Charles J. Booth, Olivewood, Cal., says: "I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for several years, and have always found them most effectual in the relief of ailments arising from a disordered stomach, torpid liver, and constipated bowels."

"Have tried others, but like Ayer's best" is the statement made over and over again by those who testify to the benefit derived from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Disease never had a greater enemy than this powerful blood-purifier. It makes the weak strong.

Johnson's Kidney and Liver Regulator, the great malarial medicine, cures kidney complaints and torpid liver, purifies the blood and positively cures constipation and sick headache. Large packages, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

**Electric Bitters.**

This remedy is becoming so well-known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system, and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

Call for the Horse Brand, Johnson's Magnetic Oil, it has no equal for all external purposes for man or beast. Cures sprains, bruises, swellings, rheumatism and neuralgia. Large bottles, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

**Swan's Down, Zeb. Vance**

—AND—

**Sweet-Water Valley Flour.**

FRESH BOLTED MEAL.
SWIFT'S ORIOLE BRAND HAMS and PICNIC BREAKFAST STRIPS.
VERMONT CREAMERY AND GILT-EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.
CANNED GOODS.
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDY.
CRACKERS. CHEESE.
FRUIT. BROOMS.
BASKETS, &c.

C. W. ELLIOTT & CO.

The I. W. Harper whisky should be on every sideboard.

The I. W. Harper whisky should be in every Medicine chest.

The I. W. Harper whisky should be in every club.

The I. W. Harper whisky should be on every bar.

All all of this because it is the prince of whiskies. The Ideal Kentucky article.

SOLD BY

**J. W. INGOLD,**

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

**Modern Gin Houses.**

Facilities for building and ginning cotton at the least cost, and with the best results. Gin houses that can be insured because the fire risk is greatly reduced. Revolving box presses, steam presses, screw presses and hand presses. A full equipment for ginneries including engine and boiler, pulleys and shafting, gins, elevators, fans and everything required including plans for the building, platform, scales, etc. We also build saw mills and furnish a complete equipment. Pulleys and shafting and mill gearing. Repairing done. Write for catalogue to

LIDDELL COMPANY,
Charlotte, N. C.

**NOTICE.**

Before I take an engagement with Northern merchants for the sale of my Tomatoes, I desire to know if some one would like to have some Tomatoes. and how many dozens a week. These Tomatoes, are very large and delicious. Price from 40 to 60 cents a dozen according to size.

Address A. GIRARD, Haymount,
7-11-95 2t Fayetteville, N. C.

Are you taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES?" That is what our readers want, and nothing but that. It is the same old friend to which the old folks pinned their faith and were never disappointed. But another good recommendation for it is, that it is BETTER THAN PILLS, never gripes, never weakens, but works in such an easy and natural way, just like nature itself, that relief comes quick and sure, and one feels new all over. It never fails. Everybody needs take a liver remedy, and everyone should take only Simmons Liver Regulator.

**Be sure you get it. The Red Z is on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.**


STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

## BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE,

*At Fayetteville, N. C., in the County of Cumberland, at the close of business on the 11th day of July, 1895.*

**RESOURCES:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Loans on Real Estate, | | $ 47,756 89 |
| All other loans and discounts, | | 226,123 24 |
| Overdrafts, | | 2,134 93 |
| Stocks and Bonds, | | 21,162 67 |
| Banking House, | | 6,000 00 |
| Other real estate, | | 7,998 47 |
| Furniture and fixtures, | | 2,000 00 |
| Due from Banks, | 45,966 19 | |
| Cash items, | 4,829 60 | |
| Gold Coin, | 14,000 00 | |
| Silver Coin, | 17,698 14 | |
| National Bank notes, | 10,743 00 | |
| United States Notes, | 12,000 00 | |
| | | 105,246 93 |
| Total, | | $418,423 13 |

**LIABILITIES:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock paid in, | $ 287,000 00 |
| Undivided profits, | 1,057 92 |
| Deposits subject to check, | 127,226 67 |
| Due to Banks, | 2,550 25 |
| Cashiers' Checks outstanding, | 588 29 |
| Total, | $418,423 13 |

I, John C. Haigh, Cashier of the Bank of Fayetteville, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN C. HAIGH, Cashier.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND. }

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 19th day of July, 1895. GEO. G. MYROVER, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
R. P. BUXTON, }
J. W. HOLLINGSWORTH, } Directors.
A. A. McKETHAN, JR., }
July 25, 1895. 1t


**LOOK!**

**Look to Your Interest.**

Call and examine my stock of GROCERIES before you buy, and save money by trading with me.

Yours for trade and fair dealing,
J. W. CARMON,
7-25-94 4t Harris's old stand, Person St.

**FARRIERY.**

Not every man is an artist at shoeing horses; there are many pretenders. Does your horse need shoes? You will have him shod at my stables by an expert Farrier if you value him.

G. A. BURNS,
7-25-95 2m Fayetteville.

**HEAD EASY.** "The Greatest Remedy on Earth" —FOR— **HEADACHE** AND **NEURALGIA.**

ASK YOUR Druggist for It.

JOHN P. STEDMAN, Manufacturer, Oxford, N. C.

**FOR RENT.**

**The Store on Corner,**

below Mike Folb's. Possession given August 1st. Apply to

McMILLAN BROS.

**Land and Immigration Agency.**

I am now corresponding with reliable and responsible parties who desire to establish and operate in the South

POULTRY FARMS, VINEYARDS, FRUIT AND TRUCK FARMS AND CREAMERIES.

OTHERS WHO WANT TO BUY

TIMBER LANDS, FACTORY SITES, &c.

Will be pleased to hear from any one who may have special inducements to offer to secure any or all of these people, since they are the classes of immigrants we need. Address

NEWTON H. SMITH, Manager,
7-25-95 Fayetteville, N. C.

**Ridgeway High School.**

**For Boys and Girls.**

The Fall Term of 1895, commences AUGUST 28th and continues twenty weeks.

TOTAL EXPENSES:

Tuition $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00.
Board (including washing, lights and fuel) $48.00.
Music (with use of instrument) $15.00.
Catalogues furnished upon application.

JOHN GRAHAM, Principal
7-25-95 4t Ridgeway, N. C.

**JACKSON SPRINGS.**

It is folly to suffer with

INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
CHRONIC DIARRHŒA,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
OR WITH KIDNEY, BLADDER OR FEMALE TROUBLES

when you can be speedily and permanently cured by drinking Jackson Springs Water, either at the Springs or from bottles shipped to you.

It has cured others, it can cure you if you will give it a reasonable trial. The hotel is now open for guests, and the water is being shipped in half gallon bottles, one dozen to the crate. For circulars or further information, apply to

JOHN W. THOMPSON, Prop.

Or DR JAS. E. BROOKS, Manager, West End, Moore County, N C. 6-27-95 2m

**FOR SALE.**

**$3,500 CUMBERLAND COUNTY 7 PER CENT. BONDS** *at par flat.* Address

LOCK BOX 38,
7-18-95 Charlotte, N. C.

**FOR RENT.**

The Store, adjoining the Hotel LaFayette, recently occupied by Rose & Leak.

For terms, apply to

H. W. LILLY

5-23-95—tf

**"AT ACTUAL COST."**

FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS

**I will offer my entire stock**

—OF—

**FINE CLOTHING**

—AND—

**Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods**

**AT COST,**

as I need the room for incoming Fall Stock.

**H. R. NOVITZKY,**

**The Fayetteville Clothier.**

EDUCATIONAL. | EDUCATIONAL.

**SWAIN HIGH SCHOOL,**

**STEDMAN, N. C.**

Located on C. F. & Y. V., at Stedman, N. C.; Good Location; Healthy Surroundings; Morals Good; Religious Advantages Excellent; School Non-Sectarian; Prepares for College, Business Life or Teaching; Both Sexes; Charges $1.00 to $2.50; Board $5.00 to $6.00; First-class advantages at lowest rate; School opens August 12th and continues ten months. Apply for particulars to D. W. CARTER, (University of N. C.), Principal,
7-25-95 4t Stedman, N. C.

**FAYETTEVILLE MILITARY ACADEMY,**

**FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.**

The **LAFAYETTE MILITARY ACADEMY** having been reorganized and thoroughly equipped, will reopen

**SEPTEMBER 4th, 1895.**

—The school under its *new* management will be known as the—

**Fayetteville Military Academy.**

Every possible facility will be utilized for the training and instruction of boys and young men in all the branches usually taught in a high grade school, including Military Tactics and a **BUSINESS COURSE.** Certificate admits to various Colleges and Universities. Absolutely healthful location and genuine home, with refined surroundings. Careful attention to morals and manners.

The Principal, for eight (8) years co-Principal of Horner School, Oxford, and a teacher of long experience, will be assisted by a corps of well qualified teachers holding full diplomas from the leading Institutions of the country. The Principal and Instructors live in same building with the Cadets—ready at all times to assist them in every possible way. Parents will find here a *maximum advantage at a minimum cost.* Those who intend entering the next session, will please notify us as early as practical. For prospectus or any further information apply to

COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Principal.
or W. S. DREWRY, Ph. B. M. A.,
'Till August 1st, Boykins, Va. Associate Principal.

**OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE.**

"STANDS IN THE FOREFRONT OF SOUTHERN FITTING SCHOOLS"; Prepares for College, for Business, for Life; 340 Students and 53 Graduates in all departments last year; Nearly $40,000 in Buildings and Equipments; Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; nearly 1,000 feet above sea level, in full view of the Blue Ridge; "Maximum of advantage with minimum of cost", our motto. Write for catalogue.

7-4-95 6t J. A. & M. H. HOLT, OAK RIDGE, N. C.

**Wilson Military Academy.**

In consequence of the removal of the LaFayette Military Academy from Fayetteville to Wilson, the name of this very popular institution of learning will hereafter be known as "WILSON MILITARY ACADEMY."

**The Fall Term begins Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1895.**

With greater facilities, better accommodations and equipments, and if possible brighter prospects, the school enters upon its third year with every indication of a much larger patronage and more general usefulness.

The most thorough instruction is given in literary and commercial branches; and moral culture and physical training receive due attention.

The third "Annual Announcement," containing full particulars, will be mailed to any one upon application. Address

6-20-95 4m Major J. W. YEREX, WILSON, N. C.

**ST. MARY'S SCHOOL**

**FOR GIRLS,**

**RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.**

THE ADVENT TERM OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH SCHOOL YEAR WILL BEGIN SEPTEMBER 19, 1895.

Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.

Address the Rector,

7-4-95 3m REV. B. SMEDES, A. M.

**1837 DAVIDSON COLLEGE 1895**

**DAVIDSON, N. C.**

**Next Term begins Sept. 12th**

Ample Laboratories, Apparatus, Cabinets, Libraries, Reading Rooms, Gymnasium, Ball Grounds, Tennis Courts, &c.

CLASSICAL,
MATHEMATICAL,
LITERARY,
SCIENTIFIC,
BIBLICAL,
COMMERCIAL

Send for a catalogue.

7-4-95 6t J. H. SHEARER, PRESIDENT.

**NORTH CAROLINA College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.**

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS COLLEGE WILL BEGIN

**SEPTEMBER 5th.**

EXAMINATIONS AT COUNTY SEATS FIRST SATURDAY IN AUGUST.

Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to

7-18-95 A. Q. HOLLADAY, Pres., Raleigh, N. C.

9 Years Old. 158 Pupils.

**TURLINGTON INSTITUTE**

SMITHFIELD, N. C.

**The Military Boarding School of this Section of the State.**

NEXT SESSION OPENS TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1895.

Healthful Location,
Six Teachers,
Commodious Building,
Expenses small,
$97 to $132 per 10 months.
Write for Catalogue and Handbook.

6-27-95 4t IRA T. TURLINGTON, Principal, Smithfield, N. C.

**PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCHOOL**

—OF—

**North Carolina for Boys and Young Men.**

(In buildings formerly occupied by Bingham School.)

The most healthful section of State.
Moral and Christian training and influences unsurpassed.
Thorough Instruction.
Terms moderate. Address

Rev. H. C. KEGLEY, Principal,
7-4-95 2m Mebane, N. C.

**University of North Carolina**

COMPRISES THE UNIVERSITY,
THE COLLEGE,
THE LAW AND MEDICAL SCHOOLS,
AND THE SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

Tuition $60.

35 Teachers, 471 Students.

Address PRESIDENT WINSTON, Chapel Hill, N. C., for Catalogue and handbook on "University Education."

**PEACE INSTITUTE,**

**FOR YOUNG LADIES.**

Unsurpassed in Thoroughness, Location, Equipment, Faculty, Furniture and Fare.

No superior work done anywhere North or South.

Opens SEPTEMBER 11, 1895

Send for catalogue.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., (Univ. Va.)
6-20-95 3m Raleigh, N. C.

**Papers for Sale.**

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

**S.S.S.** Heals Running Sores. Cures the Serpent's Sting. **S.S.S.**

**CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON** In all its stages completely eradicated by S. S. S. Obstinate sores and ulcers yield to its healing powers. It removes the poison and builds up the system. A valuable treatise on the disease and its treatment mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

D. R. HUFFINES,

—AGENT AND BOTTLER OF THE—

Robert Portner Brewery Company's

CELEBRATED LAGER BEER

IN KEGS, EXPORT OR PATENT BOTTLES.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

ALL ORDERS HAVE MY PROMPT ATTENTION.

**Beer kept at Ice Cold Temperature all the time.**

**Look Quick!**

**Come Look!**

AT MY WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

FURNITURE,

—SUCH AS—

Oak Suits, Walnut Suits,
Bureaus, Bedsteads,
Washstands, Chairs,
Tables, Cribs,
Hall Racks, Wardrobes,
Lounges, Bed Springs,
&c. &c.

**HOME-MADE MATRESSES**

A SPECIALTY.

Respectfully,

J. H. ROBINSON, JR.

THE

**Fayetteville Ice Factory**

IS NOW IN FIRST-CLASS REPAIR

**And Running on Full Time.**

**Give us Your Patronage.**

WE WILL APPRECIATE IT AND ENDEAVOR TO SERVE YOU TO YOUR SATISFACTION.

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**Bruises and Strains.**
**Running Sores,**
**Inflammations,**
**Stiff joints,**
**Harness & Saddle Sores,**
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**Lumbago,**
**Scalds,**
**Blisters,**
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**All Horse Ailments,**
**All Sheep Ailments,**

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy. Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.


**Nuggets of Gold (with a Silver Application) from the Atlanta Constitution.**

We observe from Horace White's Evening Post that the "silver craze" is dead again. This is the seven hundred and seventy-third time it has died since the price of flatirons began to rise.

The famous "rise in prices" that the goldbugs have discovered seems to lack staying qualities. Wheat was 80 cents a bushel a few weeks ago, but it is now down to 68 cents—pretty nearly at the level of exchangeability with an ounce of silver. Cotton would sell for about 6 cents on the plantations, if the plantations had not already been bought out at 4 and 5 cents.

The third term campaign is making surprising headway among the goldbug cuckoos who used to call themselves democrats.

One foggy Georgia editor told a New York reporter that Cleveland was the greatest statesman that every occupied the presidential chair. Such talk as this deserves to be rewarded. Has Mr. Cleveland disposed of all the warm and fat places?

If the Memphis goldbug convention was called "in the interest of new party alignments" the cuckoos ought to come right out and say so

Those who feel that John Sherman's financial ideas and performance are the correct thing ought to get into the republican party where these matters are indorsed.

"Secretary Morton, the head of the agricultural department at Washington, has decided that the peanut is not a nut but a pea. Thus does the present administration gradually solve problems of great pith and moment that were neglected by its republican predecessors."

Governor Oates says he is not for President Cleveland for a third term. This will make the cuckoos very mad. They will soon begin to denounce Alabama's governor as a traitor of the deepest sky-blue dye.

The great rise in prices about which all have heard so much recently seems to have met with serious obstacles. The outcome of it is not an addition to the general prosperity. A few more fools have been stripped—a few more lambs have been sheared.

It may be definitely stated that there will be no republicans at the Griffin convention.

The republican touters must rejoice at the conversion of the cuckoo and postmaster organs to the financial doctrines of John Sherman. There has been no such accession to their ranks since the eastern whigs joined them in 1856.

The editor of the Richmond Dispatch, author of the beautiful threnody beginning "I met her leaning on the lake," says that the Griffin convention has some surprises in store for somebody. No doubt about that. The cuckoos and the goldbugs will be the worst surprised lot ever seen in the state.

As the cuckoos can't call Senator Bacon a populist, they should hunt around for an appropriate epithet. How would "dyed-in-the-wool democrat" do?

**SECRETARY HOKE SMITH.**

**Administrationists Have no Principles—It is with them Merely Anything to Win**

As Cleveland Rewarded the North Carolina Repudiators of the Chicago Platform, so His Secretary of the Interior Turns out to have been a Sub-Treasury Man.

[Atlanta Press Dispatch, July 13.]

The Constitution will publish to morrow morning a letter written by Hon. Hoke Smith, Secretary of the Interior, to Hon. W. L. Peek, on the 15th of September, 1890. It was a reply to a speech delivered by Col. Peek, then a leader of the State Alliance at Conyers, in which the latter made the statement that in a conference with Mr. Smith, who was assisting in the management of Gen. Gordon's Senatorial campaign that Gen. Gordon had pledged that he would accept an agreement to certain conditions named by the Alliance. In the letter to Col. Peek, Mr. Smith corrected the impression that Gen. Gordon had unqualifiedly approved the sub-treasury plan advocated by the Alliance. He then relates his view on the conference and adds:

"I mentioned a number of measures of proposed reform around which all might gather and out of them obtain the very best plan for the relief of the people that it was possible to pass.

"1. Currency with non-perishable agricultural products as a basis, the issue to be limited to only a part of the crop, but not to be called in at the end of twelve months. On the contrary, to remain in circulation until a second crop is harvested and until a portion of the second crop may be substituted for the first, thereby making it possible to keep the money in constant circulation and to prevent a yearly forced contraction."

2. The free coinage of silver.

3. The issue of treasury notes by the Government bonds might be redeemed, and instead of interest-bearing bonds a legal tender currency substituted."

The fourth and fifth plans proposed favored a graded income tax and a reduction of the tariff. And Mr. Smith concluded:

"My only purpose was in a spirit of harmony to aid Democratic nominees and preserve Democratic organization and pass by a united effort measures of practical benefit to the people."

**Carriages Without Horses.**

In France, where the roads are in first-class condition, the horseless carriage propelled by petroleum or electricity is making rapid progress. Petroleum seems to be the most successful as a motive power. The vehicles resemble ordinary carriages, the moving machinery not being very prominent. A powerful little steam engine has been invented which can be attached to any carriage or wagon, running it at a speed of sixteen miles an hour.

The petroleum carriages are able to go for three hours, or twenty-five or thirty miles, without recharging. The engines can then be recharged from a reservoir attached to the carriage, which holds enough oil for twenty hours' run. The cost is about 40 cents for three hours. In June there was a race with vehicles of this character from Paris to Bordeaux and return, a distance of 726 miles. Four seated carriages competed for the first prize of 40,000 francs, and prizes were also offered for other horseless vehicles, petroleum bicycles, etc. In this route there were steep hills and bad stretches of road, making the test a severe one. The first carriage reached Bordeaux in twenty-two hours and twenty-eight minutes, its average speed being fifteen miles an hour. This carriage made the best time, but did not win the prize as it was a two seated vehicle, while the first prize was taken by a four seated carriage.

It is believed that these carriages will come into general use in countries where the roads are fairly good, but for a long time to come it will be impossible to use them in many localities in the United States.

**Division of the Sexes.**

Berlin Letter.

One of the most remarkable churches is to be found at Freudenthal, in the Black Forest. It is built on such a plan that the men are unable to see the women, and vice versa, for it is composed of two wings, at an angle where the pulpit stands. The right wing is alloted to men, and the left one to the women of the congregation.


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Opens Sept. 12, 1895. One of the leading Schools for Young Ladies in the South. Magnificent buildings, all modern improvements. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery in Valley of Va., famed for health. European and American teachers. Full course. Superior advantages in Art and Music. Students from twenty States. For catalogues address the President, W. A. HARRIS, D. D., Roanoke, Virginia.

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Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Coughs, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

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ROYAL SALAD DRESSING, CELERY PEPPER, CELERY SALT, ROYAL AND EMPIRE SAUCES

have on beef, chicken and all kinds of meats.

FRESH LOT of EVAPORATED PEARS, PEACHES, APPLES and PRUNES; L. L. FIGS, FINE CANDIES, CHOCOLATE, PIE PEACHES, PIE APPLES, PINEAPPLES; CORN AND TOMATOES, COCOANUTS; FINE CREAM CHEESE, BOQUET BUTTER, PICKLES BY THE COUNT; ORANGES AND LEMONS; CAKES AND CRACKERS; LAG. AND RIO COFFEE, TEA, HAMS, DRIED BEEF, MULLETS, FLOUR, MEAL, &c., at

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CROATAN.....Saturday, July 27

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CROATAN.....Saturday, July 20
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CROATAN.....Tuesday, July 16
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Sheet No. 2 consists of front and side elevation views.

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Sheet No. 4 shows various details: sections of porch, door frame, window frame, etc.

Sheet No. 5 covers full specifications, itemized estimate of cost of all material used, cost of labor with full particulars and advice regarding division of cost for various lines of materials, instructions and suggestions to builder, etc.

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Each set of plans is neatly wrapped in pasteboard tube and will be sent postpage prepaid to any address for 60 cents; 2 for $1.10; 3 for $1.50. An architect would require upwards of $25.00 for furnishing plans with all the details given in ours, and the opportunity herein offered of securing for 60 cts. what is ordinarily rated at $25.00 is one that should be taken advantage of all THE EVERGREEN, NO. 22. readers.

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**Administrator's Notice.**

Having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of A. J. Pemberton, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons holding claims against said estate to present them to him duly authenticated on or before the 20th day of June, 1896, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate settlement.

E. L. PEMBERTON, Administrator.

N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.
June 20, 1895.

**Papers for Sale.**

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.


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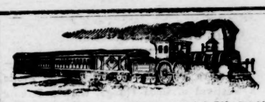

**CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLLEY RAIL'Y**

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

**CONDENSED SCHEDULE.**

In Effect June 23rd, 1895.

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 2, Daily |
|---|---|
| Leave Wilmington, | 9:05 a. m. |
| Arrive Fayetteville, | 12:15 p. m. |
| Leave Fayetteville, | 12:45 " |
| Leave Fayetteville Junction, | |
| Leave Sanford, | 2:16 " |
| Leave Climax, | 4:19 " |
| Arrive Greensboro, | 4:50 " |
| Leave Greensboro, | 5:00 " |
| Leave Stokesdale, | 5:55 " |
| Arrive Walnut Cove, | 6:25 " |
| Leave Walnut Cove, | 6:30 " |
| Leave Rural Hall, | 6:58 " |
| Arrive Mt. Airy, | 8:25 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 1, Daily |
|---|---|
| Leave Mt. Airy, | 7:05 a. m. |
| Leave Rural Hall, | 8:29 " |
| Arrive Walnut Cove, | 8:55 " |
| Leave Walnut Cove, | 8:59 " |
| Leave Stokesdale, | 9:28 " |
| Arrive Greensboro, | 10:11 " |
| Leave Greensboro, | 10:70 " |
| Leave Climax, | 10:50 " |
| Leave Sanford, | 12:50 p. m. |
| Arrive Fayetteville Junction, | |
| Arrive Fayetteville, | 2:15 " |
| Leave Fayetteville, | 2:45 " |
| Arrive Wilmington, | 5:55 " |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 4, Daily |
|---|---|
| Leave Bennettsville, | 8:15 a. m. |
| Arrive Maxton, | 9:20 " |
| Leave Maxton, | 9:29 " |
| Leave Red Springs, | 9:55 " |
| Leave Hope Mills, | 1:35 " |
| Arrive Fayetteville, | 10:55 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 3, Daily |
|---|---|
| Leave Fayetteville, | 4: 5 p. m. |
| Leave Hope Mills, | 4:54 " |
| Leave Red Springs, | 5:40 " |
| Arrive Maxton, | 6:12 " |
| Arrive Bennettsville, | 7:20 " |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday. |
|---|---|
| Leave Ramseur, | 5:50 a. m |
| Leave Climax, | 7:35 " |
| Arrive Greensboro, | 8:20 " |
| Leave Greensboro, | 9:15 " |
| Leave Stokesdale, | 10:50 " |
| Arrive Madison | 11:50 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday. |
|---|---|
| Leave Madison, | 12:30 p. m. |
| Leave Stokesdale, | 1:35 " |
| Arrive Greensboro, | 2:40 " |
| Leave Greensboro, | 3:00 " |
| Leave Climax, | 4:20 " |
| Arrive Ramseur, | 6:00 " |

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Winston-Salem

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View

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**Wilmington & Weldon R. R.**

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Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

| DATED Jan. 27, 1895 | No. 23. Daily. | No. 35. Daily. | No. 41. Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. |
| Leave Weldon.. | 11 53 | 9 27 | ... ... |
| Ar. Rocky Mount | 12 57 | 10 20 | ... ... |
| Leave Tarboro.. | 12 20 | ... ... | ... ... |
| Lv Rocky Mount | 1 05 | 10 20 | 6 00 |
| Leave Wilson... | 2 03 | 11 03 | ... ... |
| Leave Selma.... | 2 53 | ... ... | ... ... |
| Lv. Fayetteville | 4 30 | 12 53 | ... ... |
| Arrive Florence. | 7 15 | 3 00 | ... ... |

| | No. 47 Daily. | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | P. M. | | A. M. |
| Leave Wilson... | 2 08 | | 6 35 |
| Leave Goldboro. | 2 55 | | 7 20 |
| Leave Magnolia. | 4 02 | | 8 29 |
| Ar. Wilmington. | 5 30 | | 10 00 |
| | P. M. | | A. M. |

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

| DATED Jan. 27, 1895. | No. 78 Daily. | No. 32. Daily. | No. 40. Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | P. M. | |
| Leave Florence | 8 15 | 7 15 | |
| Lv. Fayetteville | 10 55 | 9 19 | |
| Leave Selma.... | 12 32 | ... ... | ... ... |
| Arrive Wilson.. | 1 20 | 11 15 | ... ... |
| Leave Tarboro.. | 2 48 | ... ... | ... ... |

| | No. 48 Daily. | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | P. M. | | |
| Lv. Wilmington. | 9 20 | | 7 00 |
| Leave Magnolia | 10 56 | | 8 31 |
| Leave Goldsboro | 12 05 | | 9 40 |
| Arrive Wilson.. | 1 00 | | 10 27 |

| | No. 78 Daily | No. 32 Daily. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | P. M. | P. M. | P. M. | |
| Leave Wilson... | 1 30 | 11 20 | 10 32 | |
| Ar Rocky Mount | 2 33 | 12 02 | 11 15 | |
| Arrive Tarboro. | 2 48 | ... ... | ... ... | |
| Lv Rocky Mount | 2 33 | 12 02 | ... ... | |
| Arrive Weldon... | 3 48 | 12 54 | ... ... | |
| | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | |

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:48 P M, Halifax 4:05 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:55 A M. Weldon 11.20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50 A M; returning leaves Tarboro 4:50 P M, Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:00 P M. 5:25 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:40 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:50 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 7:50 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

J. R KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.


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Very respectfully,

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"Last evening at the close of service, I publicly stated to the large audience the facts of the marvelous benefits that I had received from your remedies, how they had given me strength and hope and vitality to better go on with the work of the Master. May the Dear Master abundantly bless you."

January 30, 1895, he again writes:

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